Develop Israel with Israel Bonds

THE JERUSALEM POST

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MARGINAL COLUMN
By ARTHUR SAUL SUPER

IT all depends on one's point of view. An optimist looks at half a decanter of whisky and rejoices because it is still half full; a pessimist glares at the same receptacle with a heart full of gloom because it is half empty. In a certain village in the north of the Lebanon, one learns, the U.S. Operations Mission was prevented by the local sheikh from piping water into the houses. The reason he gave was that so long as the well was some distance from the village, the place enjoyed comparative peace and quiet for several hours of the day. The women took time to get to the pump and back again and exhausted the first fine spate of their talk, gossip, quarrelling and eloquence of all sorts, at a safe distance beyond the hearing of their menfolk in the village. On the other hand, every year famous Jewish communities in the U.S. compete for the honour of having the Hadassah National Convention right in their cities; and that means the most vocal, useful and energetic collection of Jewish women leaders ever gathered together in one spot for any considerable time. It just depends on one's point of view.

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THE same sort of consideration comes to mind when one reflects annually, as United Nations Day approaches, on the value of that organization. As Mr. Walter Eytan said yesterday, when he opened the exhibition in Tel Aviv of U.N. work, if one looks at the political record of the U.N. one must form a different impression from that gained when one sees its work in the field. The former is very much like the gloomy man's contemplation of the emptiness in the upper part of the whisky decanter, while the latter has a warm, golden heartening, comforting glow.

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THE trouble about the U.N., of course, is that one cannot so easily divide off its political functions from its humanitarian ones. Both optimist and pessimist look on both together. The former might be inclined to wish that the slow weaving together of one world by the bewildering array of multi-alphabetical U.N. agencies outdoes the damage caused to harmony among nations by the unwieldy and ineffective political structure; the pessimist would phrase it that just as quickly as the agencies build up, the political side tears down.

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THE exhortation each year, as U.N. Day comes around, to look on the constructive side of what the U.N. does, has its disturbing aspects. It is the alibi which comes up every year to disguise the past twelve months of standing failures; to cover up the vague and inconclusive reports; to disguise the unhappy haste to compromise on formulae which save everyone's face and leave problems much as they were, if not even exacerbated, by the veil of self-deception. A recent example of note was the resolution on the problem of subversion and infiltration of some Arab states by others. No one honestly believes that anything was really achieved by that resolution, or that it did anything fundamental to strike at the roots of this new kind of creeping aggression, which must flourish as long as it is not presented in all its stark ugliness.

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IT might be a salutary exercise for all those who have the good and future development of the U.N. at heart to make a self-denying ordinance on U.N. Day each year and forgo the apologetics of the alibi of the U.N. agencies. Their work is so splendid that it can be taken for granted. Instead, U.N. anniversaries should be devoted in each country to a thorough scrutiny of the record of the U.N. in connection with its affairs. It should be a period of ruthless analysis and pitiless criticism. But the object of that criticism should not be just the U.N. It should also include the record of local statesmen in connection with their conduct at the U.N. Unfortunately, of course, such a course of action must be somewhat hampered by the fact that it is in precisely those countries where most trouble is caused to the political work of the U.N. that free criticism is inhibited.

Tel Aviv, October 21.

New U.S. Fuel Could Double Engine Power

BERKELEY (Reuter).—Professor Ernest Starkman, of the Aeronautical Engineering Department of the University of California, on Monday announced discovery of a chemical substitute for petrol which could double the power output of car and aero engines.

Prof. Starkman, who heads a team of experimenters, announced the results of tests showing the compound could mean that engines could be half the size and weight of present motors yet have the same power.

Cyprus Terror Wave Spurs Bid for Talks

PARIS (Reuter). — Spurred by the wave of uninterrupted violence in Cyprus and a breach in the Nato alliance, the Nato Secretary-General, Mr. Paul-Henri Spaak, on Monday made new efforts to keep alive hopes of a round-table conference which may lead to a compromise solution on the problem.

Mr. Spaak, strong advocate of tripartite talks between Britain, Greece and Turkey, saw the Greek permanent delegate, Mr. Michael Melas, and other Nato officials.

The protracted negotiations hinge on the composition of the proposed conference. Greek sources say they hope this will help solve the problem which has threatened to strain relations within Nato. The Greeks also want to extend the conference to include the U.S., France and Italy. But Turkey is reported opposed to their direct participation, and Britain is cool to the idea.

In Nicosia, meanwhile, Dr. Fadil Kutchuk, the Turkish Cypriot leader, on Monday night alleged that Greece was supplying Nato arms to the EOKA terrorists. He made his claim in telegrams to the U.N. Secretary-General, Mr. Hammarskjold, and Mr. Spaak.

In Cyprus, two Turkish Cypriot auxiliary policemen were shot dead on Monday while on guard duty at Kinousa, near British-owned mines in west Cyprus. On Sunday night one Turkish Cypriot was shot dead and another wounded in Zyshi village in the south.

A bomb explosion at the RAF atom bomber base at Akrotiri, south-west Cyprus, on Monday, damaged a Canberra jet bomber, it was officially announced.

Other acts of violence: a mine explosion which blocked the main Larnaca-Famagusta highway, bombs thrown at a private car driven by an R.A.F. sergeant who escaped injury, and the destruction by bombs and fire of a forest station in central Cyprus.

De Gaulle Too Busy To Receive Begin

By MAURICE CARR,
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS.—Mr. Menahem Begin, Herut M.K. met with Army Minister Guillamat Monday morning. The conversation is understood to have been "very cordial."

The Herut leader has been put in an embarrassing position by the premature announcement made at the week-end conference of the French Zionist Revisionist Party that "Israel's great resistance leader has come to Paris in order to greet France's no less great resistance leader, Charles de Gaulle." So far, the French Premier has been too busy to grant an audience, and in his stead M. Malraux received Mr. Begin, who is prolonging his stay here for another week and hopes a meeting with Gen. de Gaulle may yet materialize.

M. Friedrich, Director of the local Committee for Franco-Israel Alliance, told your correspondent on Monday that the purpose of Mr. Begin's visit was to promote an alliance and generally to investigate the possibilities of forging still closer ties between France and Israel. In this connection, it is difficult to see what Begin can achieve here — unless he is seeking a "talking point" and a prestige build-up for the forthcoming electoral campaign in Israel.

That, of course, is a legitimate enough objective for a political party leader, but fortunately relations between France and Israel do not stand in need of repair — they are wholly excellent.

Israel's security needs are fully comprehended here. The promptness with which the French Government ratified the 5,000m. franc credit for Israel after the proclamation of the Fifth Republic is only one of the many practical manifestations of France's friendship for Israel.

(See earlier report, Pg. 2, Col. 4)

Agency May Seek Funds For Absorption Locally

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The people of Israel may be asked to make a special contribution towards the financing of the enormous costs of absorbing newcomers.

With immigration on the increase, the Jewish Agency Executive on Monday decided to investigate the possibility of proclaiming a special fund-raising drive in Israel. The fund would require Government approval.

It is understood that the proposal was raised at last week's meeting of the Government-Agency Coordination Committee.

Another suggestion raised at the Executive meeting on Monday was for the Prime Minister and the President of the World Zionist Organization to call an emergency conference in Israel of fund campaign leaders of all countries excluding the U.S. to explain the situation.

NEW ABBAS CEASE-FIRE BID

FLN Frees 4 French; Salan to Reciprocate

The "Prime Minister" of the "Free Algerian Government," Ferhat Abbas, said in Cairo Monday night that he is prepared immediately to enter cease-fire negotiations with France.

"If these negotiations do not result in complete understanding, the liberation war will be resumed," he said in a radio interview. It was his third offer of negotiations with France.

Earlier, in Tunis, the first group of French prisoners, a corporal and three privates who were taken prisoner by the Algerian rebels last January, were released here on Monday.

In Algiers French military sources said General Raoul Salan has decided to liberate 10 Algerian insurgents taken prisoner by the French forces. No details on the release have been announced.

An official spokesman for Gen. Salan refused to answer questions on how the Algerian prisoners would be released, but usually reliable sources said that since they were legally regarded as Frenchmen in rebellion, it was likely that they would merely be turned loose into the countryside.

In Paris official circles said that Gen. de Gaulle will visit Algeria again, but no date has yet been fixed.

They were commenting on reports in Algiers newspapers that he was expected to visit the territory between October 25 and 30.

The four Frenchmen were captured near Sakiet Sidi Yussef, on the Algerian-Tunisian border, in an action which led to tension between France and Tunisia. The French said at the time that the insurgent band who captured the four men had crossed the border from Tunisia.

They were handed over to International Red Cross officials by Dr. Boukli, President of FLN "Algerian Red Crescent," who said that the move was a first step towards settling the whole problem of prisoners.

The four men were the first of a total of about 100 French prisoners expected to be released as a goodwill gesture by the newly proclaimed "Free Algerian Government."

In Algiers and Oran, in Algeria, a Frenchman was killed and 23 Europeans and Moslems were injured in a series of grenade attacks on Monday night.

In Paris, police shot dead an Algerian saboteur and arrested two others after they had exploded a plastic bomb outside a hotel in the suburb of Montreuil on Monday night.

CABINET RESIGNS IN FRENCH NIGER

NIAMEY, Niger (Reuter). — The Niger Cabinet headed by Mr. Jibo Bakary resigned on Sunday night.

Mr. Bakary, leader of the Niger branch of the African Regroupment Party of this French West African territory, campaigned for a "no" vote at the constitutional referendum. There had since been many calls for his resignation.

Disorders Reported In Interior of Morocco

PARIS (Reuter). — Disorders broke out during the week-end in the interior of Morocco, according to reports reaching here on Monday.

One report, in the evening newspaper "France-Soir" said a Moroccan Government crisis was on the point of coming to a head when the disorders broke out, and that a state of emergency had been declared in the Rabat region.

Another evening newspaper, "Le Monde," said the Cabinet and ministerial meetings in the last three days attended by the Commander-in-Chief of the Army, Prince Moulay Hassan, "gives the impression that army intervention in certain turbulent regions could be envisaged."

MEIR, ESHKOL DUE BACK THIS MONTH

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, is due to return on Thursday from New Delhi, where he attended the conference of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

The Foreign Minister, Mrs Golda Meir, is expected to return from the U.N. General Assembly in New York before the end of the month.

Khrushchev, Amer Confer in Kremlin

MOSCOW (Reuter). — The Vice-President and Defence Minister of the United Arab Republic, Marshal Amer, conferred in the Kremlin with Prime Minister Nikita Khrushchev on Monday, Moscow Radio reported.

The meeting was attended by Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko, the U.A.R. Ambassador to Czechoslovakia and the U.A.R. Chargé d'Affaires in Moscow.

Earlier, Amer called on the Defence Minister Marshal Malinovsky. Tass said Marshal Sokolovsky was also present at the meeting.

Later Mr. Khrushchev, speaking at a reception in the U.A.R. Embassy, said, "We are always prepared to share with you our knowledge in the economic and cultural construction and to give you all the help in this great and noble task," Cairo Radio reported.

First U.K. Troops Leave via Akaba

EILAT. — The British tank landing ships Empire Petrel and Charles McLeod sailed from Akaba on Monday after loading equipment during the night, beginning the sea evacuation of British troops from Jordan.

More troops and equipment have now arrived from Amman, replacing those withdrawn. The Empire Guillemot on Monday loaded vehicles and equipment.

Akaba was observed quiet during the day, with British soldiers playing football.

Reuter reported from Amman that the tank landing ships left shortly after dawn for Cyprus with vehicles, stores and a small party of the 330th Paratroop Light Regiment of the Royal Artillery.

At Amman Airport tents of the 16th Independent Parachute Brigade group were being taken down and the men were moving into barracks. The spokesman said that when these troops fly out under U.N. supervision from next Saturday, they would stop at Cyprus, which would be a transit stage en route to Britain. The flyout will be over Syria and the Lebanon.

Beirut Radio reported that Maj.-Gen. Odd Bull, head of the U.N. observer team in the Lebanon, left Amman on Monday for Damascus after a series of conferences there on arrangements to airlift British paratroops to Cyprus over Syria. He will confer with U.A.R. officials in the Syrian capital on the procedure for the airlift.

Pope's Doctor Resigns After Death Story

VATICAN CITY (Reuter). — The Vatican authorities announced on Monday that they have accepted the resignation of Prof. Galeazzi Lisi, the late Pope's doctor, who was chief of the Vatican health services. The resignation followed condemnation of Dr. Lisi for having sold a detailed account of the Pontiff's death to Italian newspapers.

Dr. Lisi, the Pope's personal physician for 30 years, told reporters that his "obligation of professional secrecy died with the patient."

Leading newspapers here, describing Sunday's closing funeral ceremonies in St. Peter's Cathedral for the Pope and the presence there of the Israel Ambassador, Mr. Eliahu Sasson, stressed that "since the Vatican has not yet established diplomatic relations with Israel, this is the first time that a representative of that country officially entered the Vatican."

An authoritative Vatican source reported that Cardinal Jozsef Mindszenty, Primate of Hungary and virtual prisoner in the American Legation in Budapest for the last two years, is expected in Rome for the Conclave beginning on Saturday to elect a new Pope.

Lebanon-UAR Resuming Ties 'In Few Days'

The new Lebanese Foreign Minister, Haj Hussein Aweini, told a news conference in Beirut on Monday that the Lebanon and the U.A.R. are expected to resume diplomatic relations within a few days.

He said that the U.A.R. Ambassador, Brig. Abdul Hamid Ghaleb, who was expelled after the outbreak of the insurrection, is expected to return soon, while the Lebanese envoy will leave for Cairo.

Aweini (long a pro-Nasserist) said that the present Government is hoping for a "radical improvement" in relations with the U.A.R. He added that the Government is also considering the withdrawal from the U.N. of the complaint of "massive U.A.R. intervention" in the internal affairs of the country, lodged by the Solh Cabinet.

Interior Minister Raymond Edde on Monday reduced the curfew by two more hours as Beirut rapidly returned to normal. The curfew now starts at 11 p.m. and ends at 4 a.m. By Saturday it is expected that the curfew will be lifted entirely and that cinemas and night clubs will reopen.

The Karameh Cabinet met on Monday, amid reports that it has decided to ask civil security chiefs to examine individually the cases of about 80 policemen and three of their officers who defected to the insurgents during the Chamoun regime.

As the Cabinet was discussing this problem and plans for disarming the population, two rival factions of former rebel forces exchanged shots in west Beirut. But the clash ended after security forces arrived on the scene. Two men were slightly wounded.

Two more U.S. naval freighters arrived in Beirut harbour as U.S. paratroops continued their airlift to West Germany.

(Beirut Radio, Reuter)

Not Resuming Ties With UAR, Says Tunis

The Tunisian delegation spokesman at the U.N. denied on Monday that his Government was prepared to resume diplomatic relations with the U.A.R. if Abdul Nasser would expel a Tunisian opposition leader who has taken refuge in Cairo.

He was commenting on reports that the Tunisian Government would consider patching up its dispute with Nasser in such an eventuality.

The spokesman was referring to Salah ben Youssef who fled Tunisia and was sentenced to death later for plotting to assassinate President Bourguiba.

Beirut Radio reported that efforts to mediate the dispute have been started by the "Free Algerian Government" and Iraq.

Black in France; May Visit Algeria

PARIS, Monday. — The President of the World Bank, Mr. Eugene Black, arrived here Monday night by air from Cairo for a 48-hour visit.

Mr. Black said at the airport that he hoped to see Finance Minister Antoine Pinay and the Governor of the Bank of France, M. Wilfred Baumgartner. According to usually reliable sources, Mr. Black may visit Algeria.

China Resumes Quemoy Shelling; U.S. Denies Convoy Operations

West Wants Nuclear Talks To Start at Ambassadors' Level

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The U.S. told the Soviet Union in a note on Monday that the East-West talks on nuclear test control, due to start in Geneva on October 31, should open at ambassadorial not Foreign Ministers' level.

But the note said if the talks at the lower level should go well then higher officials could enter the later stages of the conference.

A similar British note was also handed over in Moscow on Monday.

The messages were in reply to a Soviet note of October 1 which suggested that the talks be held from the outset at the Foreign Ministers' level.

The U.S. note also said this country sincerely hopes the conference would make sufficient progress "to justify the expectation that the final termination of all nuclear weapons test explosions may in due course be achieved."

The essence of Western policy, as it emerges from the notes, is to accept long term suspension of tests only with security safeguards.

All recent British defence planning has increased reliance on nuclear weapons, and the British government is not prepared to forego this means of defence in return for an undertaking to end tests alone, as this would leave Britain exposed to overwhelming attack by conventional arms.

However, in her note Britain indicated that she stands ready to halt testing for successive one-year periods provided there is evidence of progress toward disarmament and control, and in the first instance to halt testing for one year provided there is no actual Soviet testing in that and subsequent periods.

In London, a Foreign Office spokesman said that Secretary of State Dulles and Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd at their meeting Sunday night discussed, besides the Formosa problem and the Cyprus issue, the forthcoming nuclear tests suspension talks with Russia.

The U.S. Atomic Energy Commission reported a new Russian nuclear test north of the Arctic Circle on Sunday. The tenth Soviet test since September 30 was of small yield, it added.

Moch Outlines Arms Cut Study

UNITED NATIONS. — M. Jules Moch, French disarmament expert, told the Political Committee of the General Assembly on Monday that his country hoped "to possess an atomic or thermonuclear weapon." He was speaking at the renewal of the disarmament debate.

However, France would renounce this weapon, on one condition — that under international control the atomic powers of today cease to increase and begin to reduce their stockpiles."

"If such an agreement should not be reached — and I am still saying this in all seriousness — France would not renounce a weapon which other countries already possess and the number of which they would increase," he said.

The French expert suggested the study of the following questions.

- The composition of the military budgets of the chief powers and means for controlling reductions.
- Reduction and control of armed forces and certain specified armaments, in accordance with the principles on which a general agreement was reached last year.
- Control of cessation of production of fissionable materials for weapons purposes, and of a start toward conversion of stockpiles to peaceful ends.
- Prevention of surprise attacks, and zones of inspection.
- Control of outer space and international law relative to outer space.

SOVIET 'SOON' TO USE H-POWER IN TRANSPORT

MOSCOW (Reuter). — A Soviet scientist said on Monday that despite certain difficulties, Russia has had tremendous success in controlling thermonuclear (hydrogen) reaction, and "there are good reasons to believe that we shall soon switch over from heavy fuel to nuclear fuel in transport."

The scientist, Mr. Mikhail Layrentyev, said in an article in a Soviet science periodical, quoted by Tass, "We shall soon fly to the Moon and to Mars — it is only a matter of time."

In Bonn, Prof. Eugen Srenger, a West German rocket expert, said that he believed there would be manned space stations soon after 1970.

In an interview with the independent weekly news magazine "Der Spiegel," he said that 10 years later "passengers" would be able to visit the manned space stations. About 1980, he added, it would be possible to carry out manned space journeys to distant planets at speeds of between 100,000 and one million kilometres an hour.

Dulles Due in Taipeh Today

The Communist Chinese resumed shelling of the offshore Quemoy islands on Monday after accusing the U.S. of resuming naval escorts in the area. The State Department swiftly denied the charge, and declared the U.S. will not resume convoying Nationalist vessels until it becomes a military necessity.

Reports in Taipeh said that the Communist complaint of an American naval intrusion apparently referred to an American dock landing ship, escorted by U.S. destroyers.

A Defence Ministry spokesman in Taipeh said the Communists fired 6,000 rounds one hour after the bombardment began. The shelling ended at dusk.

Both the U.S. and Formosan Defence Commands categorically denied the Chinese Communist charge. They said that the U.S. naval forces had "scrupulously abided" by the order to stop escort operations of Nationalist ships since the Communists on October 12 extended their suspension of shelling by a fortnight for the second time this month.

The Communist New China News Agency said one U.S. dock landing ship intruded into China's territorial sea in the Amoy-Quemoy area at 11.30 p.m. on Sunday night and three U.S. destroyers followed to escort it. A quarter of an hour later a Nationalist warship escorted several landing craft from Quemoy towards these U.S. warships which did not entirely withdraw from China's territorial sea until 4.48 p.m. the morning. The agency then announced the order revoking the cease-fire, and shelling was later resumed from the mainland.

Robertson Paves Way

Shortly before the Communist announcement, the Nationalist Ambassador to Washington, Dr. George Yeh, and the U.S. Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Walter Robertson, arrived in Taipeh to help pave the way for discussions between Gen. Chiang Kai-shek and Secretary of State Dulles who is due in Formosa on Tuesday.

At Nielson Air Base, Alaska, where his plane stopped to refuel, Mr. Dulles said it was a tragedy that the Chinese Communists "have again displayed their warlike disposition."

In Washington, diplomatic circles said if Mr. Dulles had been planning to seek a reduction of the Nationalist Chinese forces on Quemoy, the latest development would change all that. Mr. Dulles spoke to President Eisenhower on the telephone for about 10 minutes when he arrived before dawn today in Alaska, and later in the morning, the White House Secretary, Mr. James Hagerty, called a special news conference in Denver, Colorado, to announce the Eisenhower-Dulles conversation.

A British Foreign Office spokesman said Britain could "only deplore a return to the use of force" in the Straits.

Thai Army Chief Takes Over Gov't

BANGKOK (Reuter). — Field Marshal Sarit Thanarat, Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces, took over the Government of Thailand on Monday and the Prime Minister, General Thakon Kittinachorn, resigned with all his Ministers.

Marshal Sarit immediately proclaimed martial law throughout the country as from 9 p.m.

Bangkok Radio announced that the "Revolutionary Party" had appointed him plenipotentiary for peace and security.

Marshal Sarit later declared that the "revolution has come at the necessary time in view of the grave and dangerous internal and external situation" of the country.

The King and people were in danger, he said in a broadcast, and the takeover was necessary "to meet the serious Communist threat from abroad and at home and preserve the constitutional monarchy."

He said he had the support of the outgoing Government in his move.

In submitting his resignation to the King, the Prime Minister Kittinachorn said he was "unable to conduct the administration in the way necessary to achieve the goals desired." He pledged his loyalty to the King.

The outgoing Premier took office last January after a general election had left the political parties in a position of stalemate. This election followed a peaceful coup by Marshal Sarit which ended the long tenure of power held by Marshal Pibul Songgram.

Sarit returned to Bangkok only last Friday. He had been in England for three months recuperating from an operation. In the past fortnight he paid courtesy calls on Prime Minister Macmillan and Foreign Minister Selwyn Lloyd.

Queen Greets Heuss At Victoria Station

LONDON (Monday). — A smiling Queen Elizabeth and her husband, the Duke of Edinburgh, on Monday welcomed the President of the Federal German Republic, Dr. Theodor Heuss, to Britain for a three-day state visit.

London was gay with flags as they shook hands with the 74-year-old President.

Other members of the Royal Family and Cabinet Ministers, led by Prime Minister Macmillan, also greeted the President at the gaily decorated Victoria Railway Station in London.

The platform at Victoria Station was draped and carpeted in red. The Union Jack and German flag flew side by side.

Dr. Heuss inspected a scarlet-uniformed guard of honour, then he got into an open carriage with the Queen and the Duke and drove off to Buckingham Palace, where he will stay throughout his visit as the Queen's guest.

The open state coach was escorted by an escort of household cavalry and the procession drove slowly along the mile-long avenue which leads to the palace gates.

(Stephens Despatch — Page 4)

Windows Stoned In Newark Synagogue

NEWARK, New Jersey (INA). — Several windows in a local synagogue were shattered when unknown persons hurled stones at the building last night.

Synagogues in three other New Jersey cities received telephone calls, warning them that they would be bombed. No incidents were reported, however.

Brentano Denies Laxity On Eisele's Extradition

BONN (INA). — Foreign Minister Heinrich von Brentano defended his Ministry on Monday against charges of laxity in pressing the extradition from Egypt of wanted German war criminals.

Replying to questions in the Bundestag, Dr. von Brentano rejected criticism that the Ministry had not sent a special courier to Cairo to ask for the return of Hans Eisele, concentration camp doctor charged with having committed crimes against humanity in so-called medical "experiments" on Jewish and non-Jewish inmates. The Foreign Minister insisted that the verbal request addressed through the usual diplomatic channels should have sufficed.

Eisele, who fled West Germany on the eve of long-delayed arrest, made his way to Egypt, where he apparently has friends among the ex-Nazi German colony. Nasser's police have thus far refused to turn him over to the Bonn authorities.

USSR Could Muster Army of 30 Million

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — In an emergency Russia could mobilize 30 million men and about 20,000 aircraft, mostly jets, Admiral Anteine Sala, French Naval Deputy to the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, told a Washington meeting on Monday.

In a speech prepared for delivery to the Association of the United States Army, Adm. Sala said that Russia also had available over 500 submarines.

70 Chinese Generals Serving in Ranks

HONG KONG (Reuter). — Ten thousand Chinese Army officers, including more than 70 Generals, have recently gone into the ranks to serve as ordinary soldiers, the New China News Agency reported from Peking on Monday.

They are eating, living, drilling, and labouring with the rank and file in line with the directive of the army's Political Department that officers should spend one month annually in the ranks to improve their leadership, the agency said.

Dayan on Army's Twin Role

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel's armed strength is important both as a means of defence and as a factor in the general geopolitical situation, Aluf Moshe Dayan, former Chief of Staff, declared in Jerusalem on Monday night.

Any country wishing to enter a pact with Israel would not do so on a disinterested basis, but on one of give and take, he said.

Aluf Dayan was speaking on the historical roles of the Hagana and the Israel Armed Forces at the annual meeting of the Jerusalem branch of the Hagana Veterans' Association.

Turning to Israel-Arab relations, he saw their normalization as the main and necessary phase preceding peace. This normalization will be achieved when the Arab states realize that aggression against Israel does not pay. The Arab states do not want our beneficial influence in exchange for peace, as advocated by the late Dr. Magnes and others, he said.

The last two years of almost complete quiet on the borders prove to the world that we have the ability to bring about this normalization of relations, and has ended the belief abroad that raids on Israel are unavoidable.

Aluf Dayan stressed that while the State had become geographically defined, the Return to Zion must continue. This generation cannot decide the ultimate population of Israel, he said. Though further colonization was essential, the solution to mass immigration was the development of industry. Funds must be made available for immigration, if necessary at the expense of other things.

In reference apparently to Kafr Kasim, he declared that "every use of force entails a moral test."

Aluf Dayan was presented by the Association with the Jerusalem Hagana Badge.

Starting TODAY "MAARIV LANOAR"

Israel's Largest Weekly

Beginning today, "Ma'ariv Lanoar" will appear every Tuesday. Each issue will contain 24 pages in colour, and will appear in the regular weeklies' format.

This important innovation follows the introduction of a modern rotary press, the first of its kind in Israel, which is capable of simultaneously printing the expanded "Ma'ariv Lanoar" in two to four colours, folding and stapling it.

Attention parents, boys and girls: if you have not yet joined our many readers — now is the time to do so.

The "Ma'ariv" press hitherto used to print "Ma'ariv Lanoar" will soon print the expanded "Ma'ariv."

The Funeral

of my husband, our father, father-in-law, grandfather, brother-in-law and uncle,

J. D. OPHEN (Oppenheim) ז"ל

will proceed on Wednesday, October 22, at 2 p.m. from the Agricultural Department, Rehov Dalet (4), Hakiryah, Tel Aviv, to the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery.

The Family

22 Rehov Hamargoa, Ramat Gan.

With deep sorrow we announce the death after a long illness of my beloved wife and companion, our good sister, aunt and friend

Jeanne (HANA) Seidman née Meyer

formerly Breslau

for the bereaved:
Paul, Josef Seidman
Lisa Fischer, née Meyer
Moritz Mayer
Erna Brod and family

7th Cheshvan, October 21, 1958. 74 Rehov Arlosoroff, Haifa.
The funeral has already taken place.

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Social & Personal

The President on Sunday received Mr. M. Landa, one of the patrons of the Magen David Adom in England.

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The Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai, on Monday received Mr. Maurice Levin, a director of the Kaplan Fund in New York, who is in Israel to aid in the erection of a special building for the Hadassah Dental School going up in Ein Karem. Mr. Levin was accompanied by Dr. I. Seidy, Executive Secretary of the Dental School. Mr. and Mrs. Levin were the guests at a reception given recently by the Jewish National Fund at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hasan R. Yeuden in Jerusalem.

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Chief Rabbi I. H. Herzog on Monday received Mr. E. Goodkin, the head of the Buenos Aires Jewish Community.

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A United Nations exhibition in celebration of U.N. Day, which falls on October 24, was opened on Monday at B.O.A. House, Tel Aviv, by Mr. Eric Ward, Resident Representative in Israel of the U.N. Technical Assistance Board. The exhibition, arranged by Mr. Fred Pauker, depicts the various aspects of U.N. agencies in education, health and technical assistance. Among those present were the Ambassadors of Great Britain, the U.S., the Netherlands, Sweden, the chief of USOM, Mr. John Haggerty; the Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, Mr. Walter Eytan; the Ministers of Poland, Yugoslavia, Australia, and Rumania and the Finnish Chargé d'Affaires.

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The Attorney General, Mr. Haim Cohn, on Sunday, gave a reception in honour of Prof. L. Garrido of Mexico. Among the guests were officials of the Foreign Ministry and of the Ministry of Justice, representatives of the Hebrew University and members of the Israel Criminological Society.

Prof. Garrido recently visited the Hebrew University and was guest of honour at a University luncheon. Other visitors to the Hebrew University included the Alternate Executive Director of the International Monetary Fund and Mrs. H.M.H.A. van der Valk and Prof. and Mrs. D. Scaglione of the University of California, Berkely.

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The director of the U.S. Operation Missions in Israel, and Mrs. John Haggerty, were the guests of honour at a reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Schleifer in Tel Aviv on Monday.

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The American Joint Distribution Committee's Medical Advisory Committee, led by Dr. Abraham J. Abeloff conferred on Monday in Jerusalem with Hadassah's Medical Board. They were later entertained to lunch by Dr. J. Karpas, Deputy Director General of Hadassah. After lunch they visited the Kiryat Yovel Family and Community Health Center and the site of the new Hadassah-University Medical Centre at Ein Karem.

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Mrs. Bertha Hamerman, of New York, the National Fund-Raising Chairman of the Hadassah Medical Organization, arrived in Jerusalem on Monday and is staying at the Eden Hotel.

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Mr. M. Perry, Director of Orientours Agency, left for Europe and the U.S. to participate in the World Tourist Agents' Conventions.

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An exhibition of paintings by Chaya Schwartz will be opened at the Artists Pavilion, Tel Aviv, at 11 a.m. on Saturday.

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Dr. Morse J. Shapiro, of the Cedars of Lebanon Hospital, Los Angeles, will lecture on "Congenital Heart Disease Amenable to Surgery" under the auspices of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, the Hadassah Medical Organization and the Israel Medical Association, at 7.45 p.m. on Tuesday, in Lecture Hall A, the Medical School.

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WIZO Jerusalem is holding a fashion show at the King David Hotel in co-operation with the Government Tourist Corporation, at 4.30 p.m. on Tuesday under the kind patronage of Mrs. Pedro Maria di Lorenzo, wife of the Uruguayan minister. Participating firms: Rovell, Wolf, Freimann & Bein, Chic Parisienne and Bebe Spitzer. Sarah Barbi, Lilli Buchenger, Rina Weiss, Josephine Raus, and Ilana Rovina will be the mannequins.

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MEMORIAL MEETING

A memorial meeting for Mrs. Frieda Schiff-Warburg, who died in New York recently, was held on Monday at the Home for Aged in Natanya which is named after her. Present at the ceremony were Mrs. M. Granott of the Hadassah Council in Israel, Mr. E. Pernanski of the Hebrew University, Mr. R. Dafni of the United Jewish Appeal, and Mr. L. Herwitz, director of Malben-J.D.C. — representing the four organizations in the country which have benefited most from Mrs. Warburg's generous philanthropy.

The Israel National
OPERA
Opera House
1 Allenby Rd. Tel Aviv
Air-conditioned
Tonight, Tues., Oct. 21, at 8.30
NABUCCO
Wed., Oct. 22, at 8.30 p.m.
Sat., Oct. 25, at 8.30 p.m.
First performances of
FLEDERMAUS
Operetta by Joh. Strauss
Sun., Oct. 26, 8.30 p.m.
DON PASQUALE
Tickets at the box office (10-1, 4-7) Tel. 27780

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post October 21, 1958

In the District Military Tribunal in Jerusalem

Before Alluf-Mishne Binyamin Halevi, Segan-Aluf Yitzhak Divon and Rav-Seren Yehuda Cohen.

The Military Prosecutor v. Rav-Seren Shmuel Malinki & Others (M.T. 3/57).

No Legal Justification For Kafr Kasim Massacre

Continuation of Judgment from Law Reports of October 16 and 19.

A special Military Tribunal, sitting in an Army camp in Jerusalem, found eight officers and men of the Border Patrol guilty of murder and acquitted three of the accused.

The accused, Rav-Seren Malinki, in command of a battalion of the Border Police; Segen Gavriel Dehan, Lance-Corporal Shalom Ofer and eight privates of the Border Police were accused of the premeditated murder of 43 innocent and defenceless men, women and children of the Arab village of Kafr Kasim on October 29, 1956, the eve of the Sinai campaign.

The Tribunal, defining the distinguishing features of a manifestly unlawful order, held that it must in itself, or by virtue of what it requires to be done be so clearly and unequivocally illegal that its illegality strikes the eye and stirs the heart of any but the blindest and the most corrupt. In other words, they held, the order must be clearly and obviously illegal to the average, reasonable private, junior officer or senior officer, as the case may be.

However, the Tribunal continued, although the test to be applied when deciding whether an order is manifestly illegal is the objective one set out above, nevertheless certain subjective factors connected with the special circumstances of each case must be taken into consideration, such factors including the rank of the accused in relation to that of the person from whom he receives the order, and the extent to which the accused is reasonably entitled to believe that the order is based on some special knowledge or reason unrevealed to him.

They then went on to consider the nature of the orders given to each of the accused individually in the light of the principles established above. In the case of Malinki, they held, it must be presumed that an officer of his rank and experience was well aware of the extent to which force could be lawfully used against civilians and it was clear from his own testimony that he considered that an order to shoot at innocent, defenceless villagers would be tantamount to murder.

Rules of War

The order which Malinki had passed on was an open invitation to murder civilians — and was therefore manifestly unlawful in all circumstances, even in time of war. For even during a war the lives of civilians in a military area are not at the disposal of the military commander of the area (as Shadmi so wrongly contended). On the contrary, the Tribunal continued, there are certain rules of war which every officer of the Israel Defence Forces must honour and obey, and one of these rules is that the lives of civilian non-combatants are sacrosanct.

This rule is intended for enemy civilians in occupied territory, and all the more so therefore would it apply to civilians who are citizens of Israel and resident within its borders.

Furthermore, the Tribunal said, Malinki had no reasonable grounds whatsoever for thinking that there might be some very good reason behind Shadmi's harsh instructions. He should therefore have found the necessary moral courage to refuse to carry them out or should have tried to get them modified, for which he had sufficient time and opportunity. Not only had he not done this, but he had gone further and "improved" on Shadmi's orders by extending their harshness to women and children. He could, therefore, not benefit from the plea of justification and should be found guilty of murder.

Dehan's Guilt

As for Segen Dehan, the Tribunal held, he could not by the widest stretch of imagination have found any resemblance between the peaceful villagers returning from their work and the infiltrators and *fedayeen* with whom he had been accustomed to deal. And even if there had been some doubt in his mind, the first revelations of the massacre which he had ordered and to which he had himself contributed should have brought home to him that, by carrying out the orders of his commanding officer, he was committing cruel and calculated murder of defenceless and helpless victims.

The argument that as Dehan had heard Malinki himself give these instructions, had heard him abruptly cut off Alexandroni's attempt to intervene, and had, furthermore, heard him quoting Shadmi, the brigade commander, as his authority, he had gained the impression that his orders were of high military importance and significance and not to be deviated from by a jot, was untenable, the Tribunal held further. For an order to kill inoffensive men, women and children was manifestly unlawful in all and any circumstances and the fact that it came from so far above might have made it the more easily obeyed — though not by all the officers who had heard it — but did not make it any the less unlawful. Dehan had no justification, therefore, and should be found guilty of murder.

Ofer's Responsibility

Turning next to Ofer's case, the Tribunal held that they could not ignore the fact that Ofer and his men had been misled by their officers, Dehan and Seren Levi. Ofer was only a lance-corporal, whose duty it was to obey the commands of his officers to the letter without question or argument. He had, however, not been given any direct order to fire. On the contrary, it was he who had given this order to the others; it was he who had hauled villagers out of their vehicles, lined them up and given the order to "mow them down"; it was he who had ordered women and children to be shot at repeatedly until no wounded remained.

He was personally responsible for the massacre of 41 villagers and the cruel and terrible way in which he had perpetrated this massacre left no room for doubt that he could not possibly claim justification. Furthermore he himself knew very well that his crimes could not be justified, for why else should he have fabricated the tale that he had shot only at villagers who had tried to escape? He was therefore guilty of murder.

The men serving under Ofer, the Tribunal continued, including Lance-Corporal Uliel, who had placed himself under his command, had acted on his orders to fire. Ordinary soldiers had been trained to react immediately and mechanically to an order to fire without any thought or hesitation and any soldier who reacts in this way to a sudden and unexpected order to fire would in general be entitled to benefit from the defence of justification. The same does not apply, however, when the order is neither sudden nor unexpected, for then a soldier has time to exercise his discretion.

The men serving under Ofer might be presumed to have been surprised by his first order to shoot into doing so automatically and mechanically, but when they carried out another seven similar orders, with the gruesome consequences of each before their eyes, they could hardly claim to have been in any doubt as to the legality of any of these orders but the first. Therefore, they could not benefit from the plea of justification.

Three Acquittals

As regards the three men who had accompanied Dehan, however, the Tribunal continued, they had merely carried out one order to fire and while it was difficult to believe that in the circumstances the order had taken them completely by surprise, nevertheless it might be presumed in their favour that they had not had sufficient time in which to weigh up its illegality. There was, therefore, a reasonable doubt as to whether the order could have appeared manifestly unlawful to them, and they were entitled to benefit from this doubt. They should, therefore, be acquitted.

In passing sentence, the Tribunal took account of the mitigating circumstances and sentenced Malinki to 17 years' imprisonment, Dehan and Ofer to 15 years each, and the other five men to seven years each. The officers and non-commissioned officers were also reduced to the ranks.

Judgment given on October 12 and 13, 1958.

FLOODS. — The waters of the rain-swollen Rio Grande receded slowly on Monday, leaving at least 12,000 persons homeless and millions of dollars worth of damaged property. Mexicans on the other side of the river, the border between Mexico and Texas, had been hardest hit.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Rehavia, 22 Ussishkin, 4703.
TEL AVIV: Geula, 10 Allenby, 62275. Yany, 67 Halevi, 62474. Ben Yehuda, 142 Ben Yehuda, 29536. Ramat Aviv, Shikun Ramat Aviv, 29453. Michelin, 112 Allenby, 63263. Hadassah, Hatikva Qtr., 33084. **JAFFA:** Vita, 61 Rehov 6, 82973. **RAMAT GAN:** Orion, 19 Arlosoroff, 7191. **PETAH TIKVA:** Fishbein, 6 Hafetz Haim. **REHOVOT:** Levinsky, 170 Herzl, 96-1091. **RISHON LEZION:** Malal. **HOLON:** Ribek, Struma Sq. **NATANYA:** Hamagen.
HAIFA: Hagiborim, 28 Hagiborim, 67400.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Goldschmidt, 3 Shikun Ovdei Hamedina, 4536. Dr. Shorr, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Har-Even, 35 Sheinkin, 25411. Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 28748. **HOLON:** Dr. Dukur, 12A Shikun Amami, Tel Giborim.

F.I.F.A. BANS 1958 WORLD CUP MEN

ZURICH (Reuter). — The International Football Federation has announced that all players who took part in the World Soccer Championships in Sweden this year would be ineligible for the Olympic soccer tournament in Rome in 1960.

FIFA said it was taking this action in order to "root out professionals and to hand back the Olympic soccer tournament to the amateurs." Hitherto, countries that had no professed professionals, such as the U.S.S.R. and Hungary, took part in the World Cup for professionals and the Olympic tournament for amateurs.

Countries like Britain, with two classes of players, have been considerably handicapped in the Olympic tournament by having to field a team drawn from the ranks of the amateurs against countries like the U.S.S.R., who played the same men as would take part against a British professional team.

The Federation said the ban would be extended not only to the players who had actually taken part in the 1958 world soccer championships, but to all the 22 players named by each country from among whom the National teams were selected.

The announcement came as the U.S.S.R. team is on its way to London to play the full professional strength of England, at Wembley, on Wednesday. Most members of the team which represented them in the World Cup will be taking part.

Crusher of Bialystok Ghetto on Trial

WARSAW (Reuter). — Erich Koch, wartime Gauleiter of East Prussia and Administrator of the Bialystok region of Poland, went on trial for his life here on Monday. He is charged with responsibility for the murder of 72,000 Poles during World War II.

The prosecution also holds him responsible for the massacre of 30,000 people during a ghetto uprising in the East Polish town of Bialystok.

Aged and ailing, Koch was carried into court on a stretcher. He was supported by two guards as he stumbled to the dock, a sunken-faced old man with a wrinkled forehead and a straggly moustache.

He had been in Polish custody since 1950, when British occupation authorities in Germany handed him over for trial.

The trial is expected to last two weeks.

He has pleaded not guilty.

The indictment says that 13,000 women and 10,000 children were among the victims of orders, and that a further 50,000 Poles went to concentration camps at his command.

While Third Reich Commissar of the Ukraine, he is believed to have been responsible for the murder of more than four million Ukrainians. But he will only be tried for crimes he is alleged to have committed on Polish soil.

Soustelle, Begin at Paris Revisionist Conference

PARIS. — Israel and France "with courage and perseverance will see the triumph of our common ideals," Information Minister Jacques Soustelle told the national conference of French Zionist Revisionists which closed here on Sunday.

Asserting that "Israel is in danger," M. Soustelle, who is President of the France-Israel Alliance, emphasized he was a friend of Israel before becoming Minister and would certainly continue to be a friend now.

The conference opened on Saturday night in the presence of Mr. Menahem Begin, leader of the Israel Herut party.

M. Soustelle drew a parallel between the destiny of France and that of Israel, and between the people of France and of Israel, animated by the same ideals and human values.

"Israel has given an example of moral and spiritual values before which we must all bow," he said. "In France, after a painful period, we are now at the entrance to the Promised Land. The trials are not over and we must still make a big effort to overcome our difficulties. Israel, on the other hand, lives in danger. But with courage and perseverance we shall both see our common ideal triumph."

The Minister welcomed the presence in France of Mr. Begin, whom he described as a man who entered public life through struggle and resistance.

Mr. Begin spoke of the spiritual fraternity of the French and Israel peoples. "Today France is strong, united and conscious of her mission, not only in Africa, but in the whole world, and this can only be a cause of rejoicing for Israelis."

Where to go

• **Meet the Israelis:** — Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• **Zoo:** — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8-6.

• **Exhibitions:** — New Exhibitions: 10 Years of Archaeological Activities, 1948-1958. Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, 9-1, 2.30-5.

1) Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art; 2) 12 Artists; 3) Forgotten Printmakers; 4) Ancient pottery, glass and textiles from various civilisations; 5) Samples of Primitive Sculpture, 17-18 Cent. Dutch paintings: Moshe Oved Memorial Exhibition; French Contemporary Art (in re-opened 2nd floor galleries), Bezalel Museum, 9-1, 2.30-5.

Jerusalem Artists — Autumn Exhibition, Artists House, 10-1, 4-6.

Hanna Holzmann-Davidson: Exhibition of artistic creations of wood and shells. Alice Arbel: Paintings. Nora Art Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1; 3-6.

• **Tours:** — Hebrew University conducted tour in English, daily at 10 a.m. New University Campus. Every Tuesday leaving Administration Bldg., 11 a.m., a visit to Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School in Ein Karem. Phone (until Monday) 62980 for bookings.

Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

• **Film Shows:** — Israel Films daily, 11.30 Keren Hayesod Hall.

• **Concert:** — Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Y.M.C.A., 8 p.m. Tickets at Cahana's Agency.

TEL AVIV

• **Restaurants:** — Italian specialities. Lunch, Dinner. Luky's Bar Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd., First Class Italian menu at IL5. Phone 23782.

• **Exhibitions:** — "Wizo on View," Wizo Tourist Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, 9-2. Paintings and Sculptures, Free Israeli Artists Association, Hall, 6 Rehov Raines, 10-1, 4-8.

Oil Paintings — Water Colours: Eliahu Gat, Ephraim Lifshits. Tel Aviv Museum, 10-4.

• **Tourist Service:** — Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23239.

Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8-9.30 p.m.

• **Ballet:** — Les Ballets Jean Babillée, Ohel Shem Hall, 4, 8.30.

• **Theatre:** — Habimah, "Street of Stairs," Premiere, 8.

Cameri, "Look Homeward Angel," 8.30.

Ohel, "A Girl for the Winds," 8.30.

• **Israel National Opera:** — Nabucco, (Verdi), 8.30.

• **Z.O.A. House:** — United Nations Exhibition. Tourist Service, 9 a.m.—9 p.m.

HAIFA

• **Tourist Service:** — Visit Hadassah Club, 17 Rehov Yerushalayim. Tel. 4876.

• **Puppet Theatre:** — Piccoli, May Cinema Hall, 4, 8.30.

TIVON

• **Theatre:** — Habimah, "Hanna Senesh," 8.30.

REHOVOT

• **Entertainment:** — Dsigan & Szumacher in Yiddish satirical review: "Zeh vi du gehst," Beit Ha'am, 8.30.

Grocers Appeal To B-G on Supermarts

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — "In view of the Minister of Commerce's obvious bias in favour of supermarkets and since their establishment undermines the very livelihood of every retail grocer in Israel, we have no choice but to appeal directly to the Prime Minister and the entire Cabinet."

This was the resolution adopted which was most expressive of the tenor of Sunday night's emergency meeting of the Executive of the Merchants Association called to discuss the supermarket threat.

Mr. S. Peristein, President of the Association, promised that the Knesset Economic Committee would deal with the grocers' complaint on Tuesday.

Nevertheless, he and Mr. Y. Dinitz, Chairman of the Association, were roundly criticized during the evening for not walking out of their meeting with Minister of Commerce Pinhas Sapir after the latter allegedly insulted them earlier in the day. They had presented the Minister with a proposal to postpone the further establishment of supermarkets for two years.

At the height of the shouting in the generally noisy meeting, Mr. A. Saroka, Tel Aviv Municipal Councillor (G.Z.), called out that "the Government was destroying the shopkeepers as a class."

GERMAN EDITION OF 'SCOPUS' MAY APPEAR

The Hebrew University plans to publish a German edition of "Scopus," its periodical report on university affairs, it is learned.

The edition would be circulated among a group in Germany similar to the American Friends of the Hebrew University.

The University is already publishing French and Spanish editors in addition to English.

Swiss Vanguard Of Travel Agency Guests

The first dozen of some 150 travel agents invited to visit Israel during the winter months arrived by Swissair on Monday.

The visits are being arranged by the Government Tourist Corporation, in cooperation with airlines running flights to Israel, in order to acquaint the agents with this country's attractions for the tourist seeking winter sunshine.

The agents, who are from Switzerland, will spend eight days in Israel and return to Europe on the Theodor Herzl. This air flight-sea voyage tour is offered to winter tourists at a 10 per cent discount on their fares.

The members of the Swiss delegation are Messrs. R. Schoenberger, G. Oehler, E. Biefer, L. Aubert, A. Leibacher, A. Ruef, P. A. Gobat, U. Gosel, Miss G. Bataillard, Mrs. T. Leder, J. Selig (Press), A. Roesler (Radio) and H. Grueter (Swissair).

'Gans' Moves To Princess Mary Ave.

Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka in Jerusalem, or as it is better known, Princess Mary Avenue, got a decidedly new look when the lights went up last week in the new Gans shop. Gans replaces the May dress shop, which quietly expired two months ago after having been a landmark for a quarter of a century.

Gans, specialists in bedding, had for 20 years been located on the nameless street which leads down from the Mizpeh building. In their new enlarged premises they are able to offer bedding plus all the decorative accessories that go with it.

There is also a wide selection of porch and children's furniture.

EARTH. — A committee is being formed by the U.S. National Academy of Sciences to study a plan for boring below the ocean floor in an effort to find clues to the origin of the earth.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

522, 249, 33.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Khatchaturian: Cello Concerto (Soloist: Navarra); Ipolitov-Ivanov: Caucasian Sketches, op. 10. 12.00 Woman's Programme. 12.15 Lunchtime Music. 1.10 Oriental Songs. 1.45 Where to Go? 1.50 Light Music. 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 News in English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs and Melodies. 5.30 Torah Lesson by Dr. Nehama Leibowitz. 5.55 A Farming Guidance Programme by O. Kapeliuk. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Interlude. 6.35 Histadrut Programme. 7.20 "Ron Ami." 7.35 Historical-Geographical Miniature. 8.05 Concert by the "Kol-Israel" Orchestra. Conductor: Richard Korn: Haydn: Symphony No. 95 in C-minor; Copland: "Appalachian Spring" — Ballet Suite. 8.50 Bible Reading: Shoftim, Chap. 7 & 8. 9.10 (Concert Cont.): Beethoven: Symphony No. 8 in F, op. 93; Sinfonglia: "Le Barufle Chiozotte." 10.10 Literary Corner. 10.25 Daily Hebrew. 10.30 Light Music. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

422, 460, 292.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 "First Broadcast": Pnina Kelson (Piano): Bach: Prelude and Fugue in G; Lopatnikoff: Theme and Variations. 6.20 Organ Recital, played by E. Power-Biggs: Bach & Sweelinck. 6.35 "Jeunesses Musicales."

7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Rumanian. 9.15 Hungarian. 9.30 Polish. 9.45 News in English. 10.00 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME

467 & 41.07 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30—7.15 a.m. 1.15—2.15 and 5.30—11.15 p.m. Persian 5.15 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.).

Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.40 Topical Talk. 6.45 "Around and About" with Anita Davis." 6.55 Hebrew Corner.

Programme to the U.K.: 11.15 News. 11.25 Topical Talk. 11.30 "The Man in the Street."

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs & Melodies. 7.00 News. 7.15 Requests for Classical Music Works by Berlioz & Chopin. 8.00 "The Soldier as a Civilian." 8.20 The Air Force Orchestra, conducted by E. Teich. 8.50 Light Music. 9.00 News. 9.15 Detective Stories. 9.45 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.80, 16.84 & 24.80): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Talk. "Mid-Week Magazine."

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 495 M.): 7.45 a.m. News. 12.30 p.m. Midday Melodies. 1.30 News. 4.30 Teatime Music. 7.00 News & Commentary. 7.15 Children's Corner Suite (Debussy). 10.00 "Portsmouth Point" — A Picture of Naval Life in the Year of Trafalgar. 10.30 Norrie Paramor & his Orchestra. 11.00 News.

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Buses Nos. 1, 4, 5
8 MAGNIFICENT ATTRACTIONS
accompanied by the Olympia Orchestra
SCHEDULED PERFORMANCES
Saturday, October 25, at 9.15 p.m. — Closed performance for members of the French Embassy.
Sunday, October 26, at 8.45 p.m. — Gala Performance.
Monday, October 27 and Tuesday, October 28 — 7 and 9.15 p.m.
Wednesday, October 29, — matinee 4.30 p.m., 8.30 p.m.
Thursday, October 30, — one performance: 8.30 p.m.
Friday, October 31, — matinee at 3 p.m.
THE PARISIAN MUSIC HALL — Programme B
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Tickets: Kasaf, Records, and in the evening at the Peer box office. Tel. 28596.

Tonight at 8 p.m.
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PREMIERE
THE STREET OF STAIRS
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Tickets at the Habimah box office
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THE WELL KNOWN
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DAILY AFTERNOON TEA AND DANCE
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Tel Aviv Stock Market

OCTOBER 20, 1958

Pop. Loan 1949-63 (11.10)	93½
3% Comp Loan '48/57	77
Pal. Bearer Bds. ser. 3	98½
2½% Comp. Loan	67½
4½% War Loan '4/59	95½
3½% Tarel Dollar-g)	94½
6% Reg. Sterling "A"	97½
Dev. Loan Bonds 6½% f)	104½
4½% Dol. Bonds f)	106½
4½% Dol. Bonds g)	105½
6½% Loc. C. Debs. f)	102½
4½% Loc C. Debs. g)	104
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ltd.)	275
3½% Bonds '53/65 f)	108½
ditto g)	112½
Keren Hayesod	
6½% Deb. 55/65 f)	104
ditto g)	107½
6% Deb. 59/65 f)	102½
ditto g)	101½
Igroth 6½% Deb. 55/65	95½
Rassco 6½% Deb. 59/64	
Class "A" f)	104
Class "B" g)	111½
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	87½
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	143½
Bearer Savings Cert. '50	96½
Bk. Leumi Investment Ord. sh. 'B' reg.	99½
Ata ord. 'B' sh.	81
"Kardaneh" ord. 'B'	82½
7% con. debs. 59/68	84½
"Tova" ord sh.	77½
Pal. Cold St. ord sh. reg.	140
Pass 4% debs. 40/64 rcs.	83½
Bitsur 4% debs. 56/65	90½
Ntr 5% pref. sh.	93½
Gen Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	74
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	97½
5% debs.	84½
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh.	56
Moller ord. sh. reg	1100
Pal. Brewery 5% con. debs.	79½
Assis Bejarano "B" sh.	68½
Nesher 6% debs "A" 55/64	117
Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh.	54½
Dead Sea Works	
5% Deb. reg.	267½
Delek ord sh. "C"	82½
Mekorot pref. sh.	78
Jordan Exploration Co. Ord. sh. reg.	61

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with C.o.L.

Notice to the Public
DEFENCE LOAN 1958-1969
Non-negotiable Bonds 6½%
On the occasion of the semi-annual payment of interest on the above loan on December 1, 1958, the Loan Register will be closed and no transfers of the above bonds registered during the period from November 1, 1958 to November 30, 1958, inclusive.
Bank of Israel

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER
The Department of Customs and Excise wishes to announce that the new phone numbers of the Tel Aviv-Yaffo Customs Collector are 85102—85107 inclusive.
E. BIBGER, Principal Assistant to the Director (Administration)

Vacation in Jerusalem at the
MORIAH HOTEL
5 days full board IL70 all incl.
Renowned cuisine
Special arrangements for longer terms

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: Raw Wind in Eden.
EDEN: The Invisible Boy.
ORNA: Lhen el Kheloed (Unforgetiable Melody).
ORGIL: Witness for the Prosecution.
ORION: The Young Lions (4.30, 8).
RON: This Angry Age.
SEMADAR: The Pajama Game.
TEL OR: Maigret tend un piège. (Maigret sets a Trap).
ZION: Die Unentschuldigte Stunde.
EDISON: Band of Angels.
STUDIO: Doctor At Large.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Pal Joey.
ARMON DAVID: Une Vie.
CHEN: Liebe.
EDEN: Afrita Hanim.
ESTHER: Raintree County.
GAT: Oeil pour oeil (An Eye for an Eye).
MAXIM: The Secret.
MIGDALOR: Poor but Handsome
MOGRABI: Paris Palace Hotel.
OPHIR: Mesptl.
ORION: Siesi die Junge Kaiserin.
PEER: Hercules.
SHDEROTH: Wild is the Wind.
TAMAR: An Angel passed in Brooklyn.
TCHELET: The Merchant of Venice.
TEL AVIV: The Bravados.
YARON: Wenn Du Noch Eine Mutter Hast.
ZAMIR: Paris Holiday.
ZAFON: Teufel in Seide. (Devil in Silk).

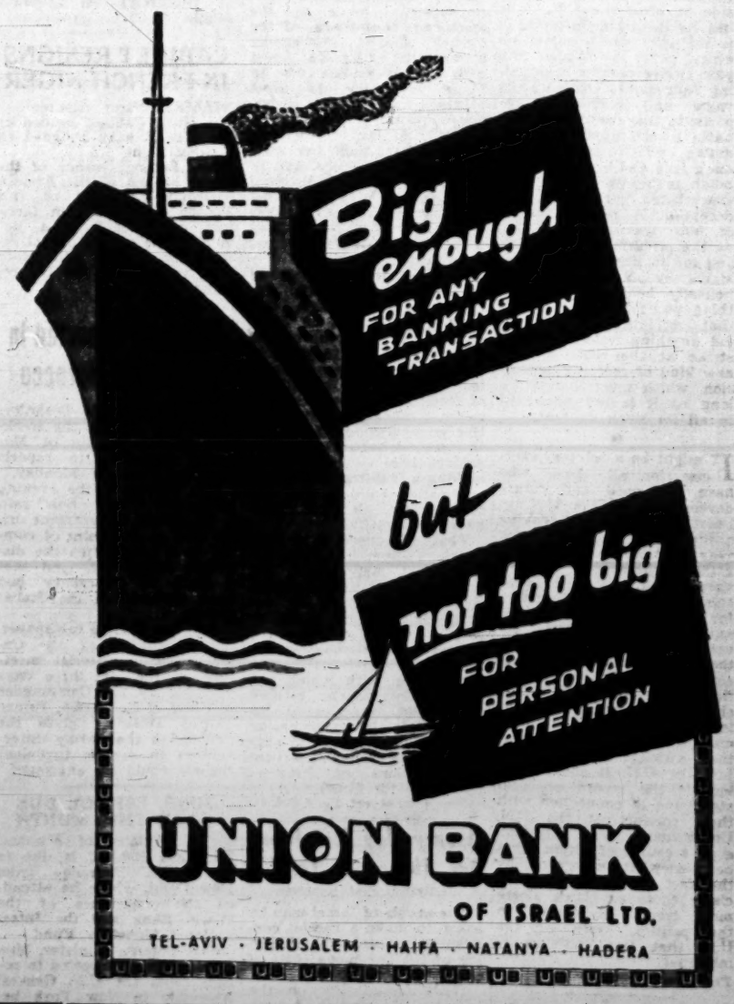
HAIFA

ARMON: Operaball.
AMPHITHEATRE: No Down Payment.
ATZMON: The Teahouse of the August Moon.
EN DOR: Le grand bluff.
GAL OR: Darby's Rangers.
MAY: Piccoli Puppet Theatre.
MORIAH: Up in the World.
ORAH: Le Notti di Cabiria.
ORION: The Female Animal.
ORLY: Love in the Afternoon.
PEER: The Whole Truth.

TO LET
Furnished or unfurnished
1-Room Flat
Replies: No. 698, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

WANTED
English/Continental
Children's Nurse
Live in. Two children.
Apply: P.O.B. 69, Jerusalem.

NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between myself and my brother, Sami Darwish, at our shop, 54 Rehov Hacarmel, Tel Aviv-Jaffa, has been dissolved as from June 1, 1958, and that from this date forward each one of us is working on his own account and responsibility, I on the right hand side and my brother Sami Darwish on the left hand side of the shop.
Anyone having a claim of any kind to lodge against the partnership prior to its dissolution is asked to apply to me at my shop as above not later than November 1, 1958, for a consideration of the claim. Any claim against the partnership addressed to me after that date will remain unanswered.
(Sgd.) YAACOV DARWISH



The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy with a drop in temperature.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	28	14	27	25
Tiberias	31	19	32	30
Haifa	65	20	27	24
Natanya	63	15	29	27
Tel Aviv Port	64	16	25	25
Tel Aviv Kirya	64	16	28	26
Lydda Airport	44	12	29	28
Jerusalem	25	17	29	25
Beersheba	26	13	30	29
Sdom	29	20	32	32
Eilat	32	21	34	33

*A, Humidity at 5 p.m. B) Minimum temp. yesterday C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

The new Canadian Ambassador, Miss B. Margaret Meagher, to take up her post here, (by El Al).

Aluf Shmuel Tankus, Commander of the Israel Navy, from London where he took possession of the new Israel submarine, "Tanin." (by El Al).

Aluf Dan Tolkowsky, former Commander of the Israel Air Force, from a study tour abroad, to take up his new post as Director of the Planning Authority of the Ministry of Defence, (by El Al).

Dr. M. Stekelis, Associate Professor of Prehistory at the Hebrew University, from Europe, where he lectured at the International Congress on Prehistory at Hamburg, and at the University of Barcelona.

DEPARTURES

The Director of PICA and Mrs. Robert Gottlieb, for Paris, (by El Al).

Aluf Efrayim Ben-Artzi, General Manager of El Al, to Athens, on his way to New Delhi, for a meeting of airline executives, (by El Al).

Miss Martha Graham, the American dancer, (by El Al).

'TREE FOR A TREE'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A "tree for a tree" law — whereby each tree uprooted would have to be replaced by another one nearby—has been proposed by the Ministry of Interior.

The proposal has been circulated among all District Representatives with instructions that they bring it to the attention of the local authorities who are asked to embody it into a by-law.

In a covering letter, the Ministry notes that groves of trees are being destroyed daily to make room for housing projects or farmland.

It is proposed that no person may chop down a tree, or otherwise destroy it, without a written permit from the head of the competent local authority. A fee would be charged for the perimint, depending on the age of the tree. If the tree is five years or less, the fee would be IL-5; if 5 to 15 years, IL10; 15 to 20 years, IL20; 20 years or more, IL30.

The sums collected would be used to plant and care for trees within the jurisdiction of the local authority.

Learned of Dismissal Through Press

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Peter Frye, the producer who recently startled a press conference with his attack on the Israel theatre and local standards of acting, told *The Jerusalem Post* on Monday that he knew nothing of Habimah's decision to cancel its contract with him, until he read it in the press.

He did not regard this as a final decision.

Mr. Frye criticised the system whereby actors and management decide on the repertoire and later call in the producer to stage the play, without having consulted him previously.

Mr. Frye is to be a tutor in the new Faculty of Drama of the Tel Aviv University. The Municipal Education Committee has approved the establishment of the faculty and the date of its official opening will be decided this week. A number of scholarships will be available for students who will study the theory and history of drama, acting techniques, as well as Hebrew language and literature.

'ANGEL' HAS PREMIERE

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV. — A warm ovation was accorded the Chamber Theatre's premiere performance of "Look Homeward, Angel" on Monday night. The play, by Ketti Frings, is based on the novel by Thomas Wolfe.

Peter Frye, the director, was called to the stage by the audience and cheered. An enthusiastic reception was also accorded the leading actors — Batya Lancet, Yosef Yadin and Oded Te'omi.

Bank Advances To Gov't Increase

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Bank of Israel advances to the Government rose by IL-9.1m. in September and stood at IL77.5m. at the end of the month, according to the monthly report of the Bank of Israel which was released on Monday.

On the other hand the sum of the special Security Advance given to the Government following the Sinai Campaign decreased by IL-2.2m. and "Other Government Accounts" also decreased by IL3.8m. No change was recorded in foreign currency advances which remain at IL-62.6m.

Foreign currency reserves in foreign banks underwent a seasonal fall of IL16.1m. to stand at IL141.3m.

On the liabilities side, the most noticeable figure is that for currency in circulation which rose by IL6.7 during the month to stand at IL-274.6m.

JAPANESE FISH MEAL AND OIL FOR ISRAEL

TOKYO (Reuter). — A Japanese fishing fleet on Monday returned to Hakodate, northern Japan, from a four-month operation in the Bering Sea bringing back fishmeal and fish oil to be exported to Israel, West Germany, France and other countries.

Capital Wants Immigrants

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalem demands her fair share of immigrants from East Europe—and the capital is going to fight to get this share.

This was the essence of a press conference held on Monday by Mr. Moshe Baram, Secretary of the Jerusalem Labour Council, and Mr. Mordecai Zar, head of the Council's Absorption Department.

"Jerusalem can absorb easily 1,000 families during the coming year," Mr. Baram said, adding that the Ministry of Labour had tentatively promised to build 1,000 housing units in the capital if the city could provide the skilled building labourers.

As for finding jobs, Jerusalem had not had any employment problem in the past few years. During the next year 500 skilled workers would be absorbed in industry alone.

"Immigration itself created jobs," he added.

Mr. Zar traced the absorption of 1,100 families who had arrived in Jerusalem since the end of 1956. About 250 of these were housed in the "Asbestos Hut" quarter of Kiryat Yovel. Although 38-40 per cent were social welfare cases, work was found for almost all of them.

"Not a single family has left the country," he said. Of the group in the "Asbestos Hut" quarter, about 50 per cent came from Poland, 30 per cent from Hungary and the rest from Egypt. Their huts were a vast improvement over the general run of accommodation in ma'barot. They had running water, stores, schools, paved roads, as well as street lights. Electricity was to be installed in homes in November.

However, fully a quarter of the residents had already paid down payments for flats in the 420-unit quarter of Ir Ganim, nearby, or in another part of Kiryat Yovel.

In Ir Ganim they had to make a IL650 down payment before entering the flats and pay the balance at IL24 a month over a period of 17 years. The 48 square metre flat cost IL4,800.

In Kiryat Yovel, the down payment on a 60 square metre flat was IL1,500. The entire flat cost IL7,500.

It was noted that the Talpiot ma'barot was also gradually being liquidated.

Teachers Deadlock Enters 14th Day

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV. — Officials of the Federation of Secondary Schools on Monday continued in their mediation attempts to break the current deadlock in the secondary school teachers' strike, now entering its 14th day, *The Jerusalem Post* learned.

The strikers blame the government's refusal to grant strike pay and the Histadrut's rejection of arbitration for this deadlock, while the official bodies lay the responsibility on the dissident body. They claim the teachers broke previous promises that they would accept the authority of the official bodies and continue talks only through the Teachers Association.

The strikers are holding a national rally here today (Tuesday), but no move for a speedy end of the strike is expected to arise out of this meeting.

In Jerusalem, the spokesman of the Ministry of Education declared that there was no contact scheduled between the Ministry and the strikers.

On Monday, the Progressive Party Knesset faction decided to appeal to the Prime Minister to intervene in the strike in order to hasten its end.

In the Knesset, the General Zionist faction on Monday submitted an urgent motion for the agenda concerning, "the enforced absence from classes of 25,000 secondary school students."

Film Proceeds For Scholarship Fund

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV. — Proceeds from Israel showings of "Around the World in Eighty Days" will be used to set up a scholarship fund in memory of the late Michael Todd, producer of the film.

This was announced here on Monday by Mr. Meyer Weisgal, Chairman of the 10th Anniversary Committee.

He said that Mr. Todd's widow, Elizabeth Taylor, and his son, Michael Todd Jr., had agreed to donate the box-office revenue to provide scholarships for secondary school students.

Mr. Todd was killed in an air crash in the U.S. on March 22, 1958.

There is a possibility that Miss Taylor will come to Israel in connection with the film, which will open simultaneously next month at the Chen Cinema in Tel Aviv and the Armon Cinema in Haifa, it was stated.

Triplets Born in Haifa Hospital

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA. — Triplets were born on Monday evening at Rambam Hospital — the second time for the hospital since 1948. Mrs. Dvorah Elkayam, gave birth to three healthy boys who weigh 2.670 kgs., 2.500 kgs. and 2.370 kgs. The mother is reported to be doing fine.

The father was so overwhelmed with joy that he was unable to answer newspapermen's questions. It was Mrs. Elkayam's first confinement.

JUDGE TELLS ROAD ACCIDENT INQUIRY:—

Bus Drivers Have Worst Road Manners, Taxi Drivers Next

By YA'ACOV ARDON, Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — "After 30 years of driving a car, I do not hesitate to say that the Israel driver does not approach an elementary standard of consideration for either pedestrians or his fellow drivers," District Court Judge B. Zohar told the public inquiry committee on the cause of road accidents on Monday.

The committee, appointed by the Prime Minister three months ago, has collected a mass of written evidence and began its public hearings on Sunday under the chairmanship of Mr. Ya'acov Salomon, a local advocate.

The worst offenders, Judge Zohar thought, were the bus drivers, because of their speeding and poor road manners. He gave as an example their failure to signal their starts and stops. They were closely followed by taxi drivers, he said.

Questioned on the effect of heavy penalties, Judge Zohar said they served as a deterrent to a certain extent, but were not generally preventive. It was desirable to suspend driving licences not because it would restrain offenders, but because it would remove them from the roads.

Speaking for the insurance companies, Mr. R. Loebinger said that the present methods of testing vehicles once a year was effective, but the headlights were not examined because automotive electricians had no facilities for checking their adjustment. Blinding is a major cause of road accidents, he said. During the hours of darkness, police control of traffic was weak, just when it was most needed.

Blocked Crossings

Experience has shown that accidents often occurred at intersections where the field of vision was blocked by trees, shrubs or fences. Nor was there any uniformity in the layout of the intersections. Roundabouts were the best form for such places. More attention should also be paid to the checking of tire conditions at the annual test, he urged.

Another insurance man, Mr. N. Schechter, dwelt on the human factor as the main cause of accidents. Experience has shown, he said, that young people were more accident prone than persons between the ages of 30-50. "But after 50, the graph goes up again," he said. He proposed that accident prone drivers should be deprived of their licence. As for the factor of character, he thought that traffic education should start early.

The technical factor accounted for only a small percentage of the accidents, though obviously the conditions of the vehicles should be carefully checked, older vehicles even twice a year. Roads were too narrow and another contributory factor was the climate. There were more accidents during a *sharav* than in rainy weather.

Road Accident Rate Rises in Capital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — There have been more traffic accidents in the Capital this year than last, Mr. Ya'acov Wolfson, a road engineer employed by the Jerusalem Municipality, told the road safety inquiry commission here on Monday. In 1957, 352 accidents had claimed 10 lives, brought grave injury to 71 and lesser injuries to 272 persons. But in the first nine months of this year, 12 persons had been killed, 138 badly injured and 265 lightly injured, in a total of 346 accidents.

Congestion in the city was much to blame, he said, citing Jaffa Road as an example. New housing quarters were built with Government money without consultation with the town planning commission on road problems. Of the 165,000 inhabitants of Jerusalem, a large number were newcomers who had no traffic education whatsoever.

Mr. Abba Krammer, a road engineer in the Haifa Municipality, roundly blamed pedestrians for most of the traffic accidents.

Parking was a major problem and parking space was more important than parks, he said. The parking of trucks in main roads should be banned and a master plan for road communications should be evolved. The Civil Air Defence personnel should be used in educating pedestrians. He also thought that *sherut* cabs should be stopped altogether.

Aged Woman Killed By Truck

A 63-year-old woman from Moshav Eshtaol in the Jerusalem Corridor, Sa'ada Said, was killed instantly on Monday when she was run over by a truck driven by Matzlia Mizrahi of Jerusalem. The accident took place at Kilometre 28 on the Tel Aviv-Jerusalem road.

According to witnesses, the victim was walking with her husband alongside the road when she was hit by the truck. The driver told police that the woman had suddenly tried to cross the road immediately in front of the truck and that he could not manage to brake in time.

The accident was only one of seven which occurred in the Jerusalem district on Monday. All the others were of a minor nature with no serious injuries reported. *(Itim)*

Ten Injured In Bus-Lorry Collision

HOLON. — Ten persons were injured, four of them severely, in a collision between an Egged bus and a lorry at the corner of Weizmann and Aharonowitz roads here on Monday morning.

Eight bus passengers were hurt and the two drivers sustained slight injuries. Magen David Adom ambulances took the injured to Donolo hospital, Jaffa.

The severely injured are: Eliyahu Gissin, 54; Abdulla Beba, 58; Yona Khatuchs, 21; and Zvi Kanul, 45 — all of Holon. They are being given medical treatment in hospital.

The others were sent home.

The bus driver, Shlomo Segal, of Givatayim, and the lorry driver, Balfour Zanagi, of Holon, were arrested. Both vehicles were badly damaged. *(Itim)*

TAXI HITS CHILD

HAIFA. — Seven-year-old Michal Aaronson was taken to Rambam Hospital in a serious condition on Monday, after having been hit by a taxi driven by Nathan ben Moshe Namer in Rehov Kassel here at 5 p.m. The driver was detained.

Development Body Ends Rent Reduction

The Development Authority has abolished the 10 per cent reduction allowed to tenants who paid their rent on time, it is learned in Jerusalem. Tenants who recently asked for the reduction were informed that it was now being given only to those who paid two years' rent in advance.

It was also learned that the Authority has considerably raised the price of flats offered for sale to their present tenants. In one case a flat which was previously offered for sale for IL5,000 now costs IL8,000.

The Finance Ministry spokesman confirmed the reports of both the increase in prices and the abolition of the 10 percent rent reduction. He said that the latter had been on an "educational nature" and was no longer necessary, while tenants who had already made a down payment for the purchase of their flats would be able to buy them at the former price.

Nearly 3m. Persons At Israel Pavilion

A total of 2,700,000 persons visited the Israel Pavilion at the Brussels Fair, which closed on Sunday, it was officially announced on Monday night.

In a modest closing ceremony, the three Israel flags were lowered by Mr. T. Kollek, Director General of the Prime Minister's Office; Mr. Y. Yanai, Chairman of the Brussels Fair Committee; and Mr. M. Leshem, Director of the Pavilion. Hostesses and other pavilion employees sang "Hatikva" to the cheers of a large crowd that had gathered.

King Leopold visited the Israel Pavilion before the closing of the Fair, INA reported on Monday from Brussels.

General Approval For Voters Register

POST Knesset Reporter

General approval of the basic provisions of the Voters' Register Bill was expressed in the Knesset by Members who participated in the debate.

The bill, which was presented for its first reading last week, provides that a permanent voters' register be maintained, and be brought up to date annually. At present, a new voters register must be specially prepared for each election.

The debate was dispirited, and it is difficult to understand why the House Committee allotted seven hours to this bill.

Two of the speakers — Dr. Yohanan Bader (Herut) and Mr. Simha Babeh (General Zionist) — advocated that municipal elections not be held on the same day as Knesset elections. Mr. Babeh also did not see how, on technical grounds, a single register could serve for both national and municipal elections.

Mr. David Bar-Rav-Hay (Mapai) said that a permanent register would bring us closer to normal parliamentary life by reducing the period needed to conduct elections, which in turn would make it feasible for the Knesset to vote its own dissolution, as is the case in other parliamentary systems.

Still Too Long

Dr. I. S. Rosenberg (National Religious) thought that the time involved in preparing the register was still too long, although it was an improvement over the present procedure.

Miss Esther Wilenska (Communist) claimed that thousands of Arab citizens are illegally denied the right to vote, and she protested against what she termed the interference of the Military Government in the preparation of the voters' register.

Mr. Baruch Asanya (Mapai) recalled that in 1951 the Government ceased to command a majority in the House, but it took six months to hold new elections, while the Knesset was practically in a state of dissolution. The new law would obviate the recurrence of such a situation.

Mr. Yosef Shofman (Herut) felt that too much confidence could not be reposed in the fairness of regulations to be issued by the Minister of Interior under the bill. In the Or Yehuda case, he said, Mr. Bar-Yehuda had issued special regulations to circumvent a High Court judgment.

The debates continues.

Youths Barred From Unsafe Jobs—Namir

POST Knesset Reporter

A work accident in which a 15-year-old girl lost all her fingers while working in a Tel Aviv book bindery last August was the subject of a question put to the Minister of Labour in the Knesset Monday by Miss E. Wilenska (Communist.)

The Minister, Mr. M. Namir, revealed that minors were barred from engaging in the type of work which the girl had been doing and that the firm (in the Shivat Zion quarter) had previously been warned to terminate the girl's work at that particular machine.

After the accident, a safety order was issued forbidding the use of the machine in question. The police and the Ministry have also initiated legal proceedings.

Under the National Insurance Law, the Minister added, the girl is entitled to full pension and rehabilitation benefits.

Mr. Namir said that the Ministry's experts did not feel that any change in the Youth Work Ordinance was required.

Stormy Debate On Housing Delay

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Knesset Finance Committee on Monday held a stormy debate concerning the Housing Division's decision to slow down, and in some places halt construction in agricultural settlements for budgetary reasons.

The question was raised by a delegation representing the settlements which voiced its strong opposition to the decision. Mr. A. Harzfeld (Mapai) warned that the slowdown and temporary halt in building in the settlements would mean that construction would have to be postponed until next spring.

The Committee decided to invite the Director-General of the Ministry of Finance, Dr. Y. Arnon, and the Director of the Housing Division, Mr. D. Tanne, to its meeting on Tuesday (today).

Horowitz's Memo

Mr. Z. Susayeff (G.Z.) raised the question of the memorandum which the Governor of the Bank of Israel sent to the Interministerial Economic Committee, saddling the Government with the blame for the continuing inflation. Mr. Susayeff claimed that a copy of the memorandum should also have been sent to the Knesset Finance Committee in accordance with the provisions of the Bank of Israel Law. The Chairman of the Finance Committee, Mr. I. Guri, promised to raise the question with the Governor of the Bank upon the latter's return from New Delhi.

Mr. Susayeff also criticized the Treasury's decision to dole out the funds of the Local Authorities' Bond Issue at the rate of IL500,000 a month. He claimed that this step was in fact a forced, interest-free loan from the local authorities to the Treasury.

Changes in Foreign Ministry Announced

Appointments and promotions in the foreign service were announced on Monday by the Foreign Ministry. They are:

Mr. Eliahu P. Livne has been appointed Counsellor-Charge d'Affaires, a.i., in Oslo; Mr. Yehuda Ya'ari, Director of the Cultural Relations Section of the Ministry; Mr. Shamay Cahana, First Secretary in Lima; Mr. Eytan Ron, First Secretary in Ankara; Mr. Hayim Rafael, First Secretary in Sydney; Mr. Menahem Golan, Consul for Commercial Affairs in Johannesburg; Mr. Yehoshua Almog, Second Secretary in Athens; Mr. Avraham Avidar, Second Secretary in Warsaw; Mr. Sinai Rome, Second Secretary in Santiago, and Mr. Uri Gordon, Second Secretary and Personal Assistant to Ambassador Eban in the U.S.

Mr. Ze'ev Shek, First Secretary in London, has been promoted to the rank of Counsellor.

ARRESTED AS HE STEPS OFF PLANE

LYDDA AIRPORT. — A young man, Jacques Jimil, who illegally crossed with his wife into the Lebanon over a year ago, was arrested on Sunday as he stepped off an El Al plane which he boarded in Istanbul. His wife, Milca, and his infant child, who was born in Lebanon, were not detained. *(Itim)*

THE MOGRABI cinema in Tel Aviv is being face-lifted in preparation for the gala performance on Thursday night of "The Bridge on the River Kwai." The U.S. and British Ambassadors have granted their patronage to the Israel premiere which is in aid of Ilanshil-Pollo.

The Ghanaian Ambassador, Mr. William Marmon Quo Halm, passing by the Guard of Honour at Beit Hanassi in Jerusalem on Monday on his way to present his credentials to President Ben-Zvi.

Ghanaian Envoy Accredited

The first Ghana Ambassador to Israel, Mr. William Marmon Quo Halm, presented his credentials to President Ben-Zvi at Beit Hanassi in Jerusalem on Monday morning. The Government was represented at the ceremony by the Minister of Labour, Mr. Mordecai Namir.

Following the ceremony, Mr. Quo Halm went to Mount Herzl where he laid a wreath at Herzl's Tomb.

In his speech, the Ambassador conveyed to the President the warm greetings of the Prime Minister of Ghana, Dr. Kwame Nkrumah and of the people of Ghana. He expressed the hope that the bonds of friendship and trade that have developed between the two countries would be still further broadened.

In his reply, the President welcomed Mr. Quo Halm to Jerusalem and assured him that in his travels throughout the country he would find that Ghana held a special place in the hearts of the people of Israel.

Emergency Talks On Zoo's Straits

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Jerusalem Municipal Administration is to hold an emergency discussion on Wednesday on the severe financial straits of the Biblical Zoo, Mayor Gershon Agron on Monday promised Dr. Aharon Shulov, the Zoo's Director.

(Dr. Shulov has stated that unless help is forthcoming the animals would go hungry in two weeks and he would be forced to kill or slaughter them in 4-6 weeks.)

His statement, published in *The Jerusalem Post*, has initiated a storm of protests, by mail and phone, about closing the zoo, it is learned.

Dr. Shulov asked the Administration to accept one of two proposals: either that the Municipality accept full financial responsibility for the Zoo, or that the Municipality guarantee to advance sufficient funds each year to balance the Zoo's budget.

NURIT, 7½, BURIED

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Nurit Stachovsky, 7½, was buried in the Kiryat Shaul cemetery on Monday afternoon.

The little girl died Thursday at the Brooklyn Jewish Hospital in the U.S. where surgeons operated on her for congenital heart disease. Nurit was given free treatment at the hospital to which she was flown last month.

Mayor Levanon spoke about the family's great loss.

Cables in Brief

CONSULTANT. — Mr. Harold Stassen, formerly Special Assistant on Disarmament to President Eisenhower has accepted a UNESCO appointment as Special Consultant to the Turkish Government to develop the Middle East University at Ankara.

CANCER. — A Soviet scientist, Professor Maxim Meisel, has devised a quick method of diagnosing cancer by means of ultraviolet rays and colouring matter. The new method, which may be applied even during an operation, gives cancerous tissue a different colour from healthy tissue, Moscow Radio reports.

JET. — Pan-American World Airways' first jet airliner landed in New York on Sunday night nine hours 18 minutes after leaving Brussels. The 34 passengers on the Boeing-707 included newspaper editors and Government officials.

Israel Suffers 3:1 Chess Defeat

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MUNICH. — Colombia's chess team beat Israel on Sunday by three games to one in the eighth round of the Chess Olympics being played here.

The Israel champion Porat salvaged a draw with Colombia's Cuellar; Aloni lost to Sanchez; Smiltinier lost to Grieff and Kreidmann drew with Martin. The one-sided defeat has seriously weakened Israel's hold on third place in Division B.

In other games in the Division, Hungary (in first place) beat Sweden 2½:1½; Iceland won by a similar score in its match with Belgium; Holland and Poland beat Finland and France respectively 3:1, while the games between Canada and Denmark were adjourned.

In Division A, the leading Russian team beat England 4:0; second place Yugoslavia and third place Argentina won 3:1 victories respectively over Czechoslovakia and West Germany; East Germany beat Switzerland 2½:1½; the U.S. drew with Austria and Spain with Bulgaria.

EGG PRICES

We wish to inform the public that retail prices for eggs have been fixed as follows:—

Extra Special	— 130 pr. each
Extra Mixed	— 125 pr. each
Extra Grade	— 120 pr. each
Grade A	— 110 pr. each
Grade B	— 95 pr. each
Grade C	— 80 pr. each

Tnuva Ltd.
Tenne Ltd.

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Ramat Gan — Zahala — Tel Baruch
Afeka — Holon — Yad Eliyahu
Ramat Hen and Vicinity

Special Taxi Service

From SUPER-SOL—Straight to your Home

This new service, for the convenience of our out-of-town customers will be inaugurated on Tuesday, October 21. Every purchase of at least IL20 will include direct taxi service at a nominal fare.

Taxi Time Table:

mornings: 9.30 — 12.30; afternoons: 3.30 — 5.00

At the same time we wish to announce the discontinuation of deliveries out of Tel Aviv.

The management of Super-Sol reserves the right to terminate this service without prior notice.

SUPER-SOL "SPECIALS"

"Lapata" Apricot Preserves 920 pr.

American Cube Steak fresh choice meat IL.7.900 kilo

"Rimon" BAKED BEANS 300 pr.

½ kg. Lieber's FRUIT TOFFEE IL.1.200

SPECIAL OFFERS:

The American Delicacy Creamed Herring	900 pr.
New in Israel Gar-Na'Al	IL.8.380
Butter — Strauss Dairy 100 gms.	475 pr.
Salad Oil — "Etz Hazait" 580 gms.	930 pr.
Jams — in 900 gram jars	730 pr.
Plastic Combs for Ladies	175 pr.
Straw Baskets and Handbags 1959 models	3.360 pr.
Straw purses 1959 models	880 pr.
Hair Brushes, Grade A plastic	1.010 pr.
Duraplast Egg Trays	790 pr.

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Against presentation of this Coupon, Customers of SUPER-SOL may purchase *a pair of GLORY Nylon stockings* with a 500 pr. reduction.

This coupon is valid only during the week of October 19-24. Every customer may present one such coupon only; coupons are to be submitted to the cashiers.

THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR
The Manufacturers Association of Israel
General Federation of Labour in Israel

CONFERENCE

devoted to the International Labour Organization (I.L.O.) within the framework of United Nations Day under the chairmanship of the Minister of Labour, Mr. MORDECHAI NAMIR

and with the participation of: Mr. Z. Berenson, Justice of the Supreme Court, Mr. H. Raday, Ministry of Labour, Mr. Y. Hausmann of the Manufacturers Association, Mr. A. Becker, Vaad Hapoel, Histadrut, Mr. A. Ward, U.N. Technical Aid Representative, and Mr. E. Margalit, I.L.O. Representative will bring greetings to the conference.

The conference will take place on Octiober 23, 1958, at 7.30 p.m. at Beit Lessin, Tel Aviv.

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Anglo-German Accord

President's Visit Highlights Growing Relations

By ROBERT STEPHENS

LONDON (OFNS) — THE present State visit to London of the Federal German President, Professor Theodor Heuss, will set the seal symbolically on Anglo-German reconciliation and on the development of a new relation between Britain and Western Germany, which has been gathering speed during the past year.

This process had already been hastened by the two meetings between the British Premier, Mr. Macmillan, and the German Chancellor, Dr. Adenauer, the first in November of last year in London, and the second earlier this month in Bonn.

The last meeting, which attracted little public notice in Britain, seems to have confirmed a friendly personal relationship between the British and German leaders and to have led to a broad agreement in general policy.

Since the settlement earlier this year of the question of German support costs for British troops in Germany, there has been no outstanding specific Anglo-German problem. It now seems as if the support cost dispute has been buried for good, and that the question of withdrawing a further 10,000 British troops from Germany will no longer be raised. There are some difficulties about the German purchase of arms in Britain — which was part of the support costs agreement — but they are being settled amicably.

On another problem in which Britain and Western Germany have a particular interest —the European Free Trade area—the British and Germans are agreed on the need to establish the Free Trade area as quickly as possible. The Germans are understood to have suggested the creation of a new working committee to speed up study and negotiation of this matter.

In their discussion of general Western policy, Mr. Macmillan and Dr. Adenauer seem to have found common ground at the start in their realistic appreciation of the present power position of both Britain and Germany. Both started from the assumption that the kind of policy followed by an independent nation-state in the 19th century was no longer possible. Both Britain and Germany had to frame and conduct their policies in terms of the interdependence of the Western alliance. Maintaining the unity and common policy for this alliance was of paramount importance, and where divergences of opinion existed — as for example over Anglo-American intervention in the Near East, or over American policy in the Formosa Straits — they must be thrashed out in private and not in public.

Support for de Gaulle

One of the question marks of Western policy has been how far General de Gaulle with his old reputation for prickliness and independence, would fit into this picture of interdependence. Both Dr. Adenauer and Mr. Macmillan have had talks with de Gaulle since he came to power, and they are both said to have come away with the impression that the French leader had mellowed with age. Though, having been 10 years out of office, his ideas on the degree of independent action now possible for France may still be rather exaggerated, he has on the whole a realistic grasp of the present day pattern of world power.

He is understood to have told Dr. Adenauer quite frankly that he had earlier been in favour of keeping Germany divided, but that now he had changed his mind and thought that close cooperation with a democratic Germany was the right course. He has also dropped any idea he may have had of making a separate deal with the Soviet Union.

British and German policy now appears to be agreed in regarding de Gaulle as the West's best hope in France. In view of the possible alternatives of reactionary colonels or Communists, he will be given as much support as possible.

The West German Government also seems to have overcome some of the suspicions it had of British policy over the major questions of relations with Russia — disarmament and German reunification. The chief suspicion was that the British might be prepared to separate entirely these two questions and to favour some kind of European regional disarmament scheme on the basis of the political *status quo* which would leave East Germany still under Soviet control. The chief remaining point of difference on this question now seems to be not one of principle but of timing — at precisely what stage in disarmament talks should political questions, such as German reunification, be raised?

The West Germans believe that the Russians are genuinely anxious for some degree of disarmament to relieve their economic burden. But they are anxious to ensure that the price the Russians pay should include some political concessions, particularly over Germany. They would like this link between the technical and political aspects of disarmament—which was a feature of the Western "package" proposals on disarmament — to be maintained, even in the forthcoming Geneva talks on the suspension of nuclear tests. Officially, both Britain and the U.S. support this thesis, but in fact they may be hard put to it to prevent an agreement on tests from being separated out from general disarmament questions, as the Russians have urged.

How Bevin Became Foreign Secretary

It has been a general view that the late King George VI, called to the throne in emergency and against his own desire, was a good man, but rather colourless, doing his duty with high resolve but no relish. It seemed that he fitted easily into the equally common conception of the 20th century role of a King of England — a ceremonial cipher signing on the dotted lines put in front of him.

The picture that emerges from John Wheeler-Bennett's new biography is rather different. It seems that George VI held some strong views, and did not scruple over royal propriety in expressing them against his Ministers. For example, it is revealed that when Mr. Neville Chamberlain resigned after war had begun, George wanted the gaunt elder statesman and man of Munich, Lord Halifax, to take charge instead of Winston Churchill. And when he didn't get his way he went and told Halifax he was sorry he hadn't.

An even more intriguing disclosure concerns the subsequent Premiership of Clement Attlee. It had long been assumed that if the Labour Party won the 1945 election, Dr. Hugh Dalton, a patrician Socialist, would become Foreign Secretary. According to Wheeler-Bennett when Attlee put up Dalton as his choice the King demurred. He wanted the Prime Minister to appoint Ernest Bevin — an ex-farmer's boy and ex-tram driver, instead of the old Etonian son of a Canon of Windsor. Bevin got the job. Dalton become Chancellor of the Exchequer (OFNS)

BACK WITH THE ASPIRIN!

Landing of U.S. Forces in Lebanon was called "Operation Aspirin". (From the Press) By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

After the Withdrawal

Davar (Histadrut) writes that the coming withdrawal of British forces from Jordan is admittedly a calculated risk, for nobody can be sure that the very threat that brought them here in the first place will not materialise when they go. There is no proof that the pressure brought to bear upon the other Arab countries by the Cairo junta will not be renewed and Amer's trip to Moscow augurs no good for the Middle East. Dictators need successes — in terms of bloodshed, disorder, tension—and since the threat to Jordan resulted in the coming of British troops, Nasser may seek a success on Israel's borders. This is not suggested out of fear: it would be an illusion to believe that the crisis will end with the withdrawal and we must be prepared.

Haboker (General Zionist) observes that one of Nasser's achievements is that he has forced Israel to take a paternal interest in King Hussein's regime, on pain of facing encirclement. The question now is what we will do if Nasser's forces post themselves in the Old City, hardly a mile away from the Knesset. Nasser will not be able to overthrow the Jordan regime immediately the British step out, but we in Israel must consider it a possibility in all seriousness and make our plans accordingly.

Omer (Histadrut) asks whether the problems that induced the Anglo-American landings have been solved and whether the assailants, both within and without the affected areas, have dropped their arms. The only difference between July and the end of October is that the bubble of Arab unity under Nasser has burst. **Lamerhav** (Ahdut Haavoda) also stresses that the dangers still exist and urges that we be prepared for all contingencies.

Herut agrees that there is a lull both in the Far and Middle East, but promises that it will not last long and that all signs point to a new eruption here because Russia is not interested in peace and quiet. The paper takes our Foreign Ministry to task for painting a rosy picture of the situation and avers that Mrs. Meir's address at the U.N. Assembly will only encourage the enemy to further adventure. That is perhaps the key to Amer's hurried mission to Moscow.

Hamodia (World Aguda) notes how powerless Western diplomacy is and how it has failed to understand how to blaze tracks in the region.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) writes that the land agreement between the Government and the Jewish National Fund may serve as the beginning of full partnership between the Zionist Movement and the State of Israel, a partnership giving the JNF definite functions again and restoring to it its old position in the affections of the people both here and abroad.

Ha'aretz (non-party) calls for an end to the causes of the Lydda demonstrations of unemployed labourers, which have been going on for a week, but adds that there must not be an imposed settlement.

More Orchestra Seats Wanted

I.P.O. Asks Binyanei Ha'ooma to Extend Galleries

By MOSHE LEVIN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

SEVERAL hundred more persons in Jerusalem may still be able to buy subscriptions to the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra's current concert season if the Binyanei Ha'ooma Company and the I.P.O. agree on the number and place of additional seats that can be added.

The I.P.O. has suggested that about 200 seats be added to the gallery on either side of the hall, and that an additional row of seats be placed in front of the first row in the main hall.

A spokesman for Binyanei Ha'ooma told *The Jerusalem Post* on Monday that only 100 seats could be added to the galleries. He said that the additional places in the first row are being taken by Binyanei Ha'ooma personnel.

The spokesman suggested that about 300 to 400 seats could be placed in the balcony behind the Orchestra. Binyanei Ha'ooma had the chairs and could make the arrangements if the I.P.O. was ready to accept this spot.

For its part, the I.P.O. is eager to provide more places, particularly in view of the disappointment, and in some cases, the anger, voiced by Jerusalemites who had registered for subscriptions and who could not be satisfied. The Orchestra hopes to make these arrangements before the next scheduled subscription concert takes place on November 13.

Block to Histadrut

Moving from the Edison Hall, which has 1,582 places, to Binyanei Ha'ooma, which now has 2,851, was a problem for the I.P.O. The last two concerts of the 1957-58 season were held in the Convention Centre, and were completely sold out. This should have reassured the I.P.O. that it could sell sufficient subscriptions to fill the hall, but when the I.P.O. committee met in August with the Jerusalem Society of Friends to decide on the move, there were serious doubts whether enough Jerusalemites would respond. These doubts were strengthened by the fact that the Isaac Stern recital of last season was poorly attended.

To lessen the "risk," the I.P.O. sold a block of 1,000 seats to the Histadrut. Formerly the Histadrut took 465 tickets.

There were, in addition, 1,100 old subscribers who bought their subscriptions directly from the Orchestra and who could be depended upon to renew. This left 751 tickets. Of them 183 extra tickets were sold to old subscribers for members of their families or in cases where heretofore they had divided a subscription with friends and now wanted a whole series for themselves. Additionally, 98 were reserved for the Binyanei Ha'ooma management and for invited guests.

This left a net total of 470 tickets for new applicants. About 750 wanted them and paid IL20 deposits for these subscriptions. Each received a numbered receipt which stated that the I.P.O. did not undertake to provide the tickets.

When at the end of September the old subscribers were satisfied, invitations were sent out to applicants to appear for their tickets. But here the I.P.O. erred, and admits it. Applicants were not invited according to the number on their deposit slips, but according to the category of seat which they indicated they were prepared to purchase. Category I purchasers were invited first.

Categories run from I (IL80.620) to VII (IL23.120) plus IL12 subscription dues. (The IL12 fee is deductible from income tax). By inviting according to category the I.P.O. was, in fact, giving preference to those who could afford to buy the best seat in the house. As it turned out, a number of the first who were invited did not like the choice of seats they were offered in category I and chose seats in other, cheaper categories.

First Served

"It was a mistake to invite people first who could afford to pay most," says Mr. Haim Krongold, the Jerusalem attorney, who is chairman of the Jerusalem Society of Friends of the I.P.O. "They should have been invited according to the number on their deposit receipt. If I had been in the country at the time the procedure was set up, I would have opposed this method."

The I.P.O. gave preference to category because this method was used in Tel Aviv when the changeover was made from the Ohel Shem Hall to "Heichal Hatarbut," and it worked. But it worked only because there were sufficient seats for everybody at several series of concerts. In Jerusalem, there is only one series. When more places are made available in Jerusalem, applicants will be invited to buy their tickets according to receipt number.

Both new and old subscribers have complained bitterly that they were forced to queue for several hours. The new applicants were not told in advance that no more tickets were available in the categories they could afford, and continued to wait. They also complained that when they gave their deposits and were asked to choose a category, no diagram of the seating in Binyanei Ha'ooma was available.

All these deficiencies are put down by Mr. Krongold to "poor organization" on the part of the I.P.O. He said in an interview that persons in queue should at least have been given numbers so that they need not have had to wait in line.

Cahana's Services

For want of a better-located place, and as a matter of custom, the I.P.O. has been selling its tickets at the premises of Cahana's ticket agency. Cahana's does not sell the tickets; they do buy a small number from the Orchestra to sell to their own clientele. They also acquire some tickets from subscribers who cannot attend concerts.

Cahana's provides certain services to the I.P.O. — hall arrangements, acquiring permits, publicity, etc. — without charge, Mr. Krongold said. The agency does receive a percentage for selling tickets to the I.P.O.'s special concerts.

Mr. Krongold stated that a contract had been signed with the Binyanei Ha'ooma Company for providing central heating in the hall as from January 1. He also said that arrangements will have to be made for bringing transportation closer to the entrance of the hall, particularly for the winter months.

Mr. Krongold commented that the I.P.O. had been extremely happy and amazed at the heavy demand for subscription tickets from the Jerusalem public, especially from large numbers of new immigrants living in the *shikunim*.

Calling Bus Drivers to Account

Readers' Letters

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In Rio de Janeiro, crossing a street outside a pedestrian crossing is considered attempted suicide and is punished under the severe law against self-destruction.

Just what kind of punishment does a bus driver in Israel deserve if he drives a full vehicle at top speed, sells tickets to passengers while the bus is in motion, lights cigarettes for the ladies and, noisily applauded by his cronies, begins a jolly chase with death in an attempt to overtake another bus?

I sincerely hope that some of those drivers who are guilty of the above practices will read this letter, reconsider the rude language used by them when answering a passenger's rebuke under the circumstances I have described, and abandon these dangerous habits, which do not become a public servant.

Yours, etc.
A.B.R.

(Name and Address Supplied)
Haifa, October 12.

RADIOS IN BUSES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — On the problem of noise, I should like to point out the new torture which has been invented for the long-suffering citizen, in the form of radios installed in Egged buses.

Was this meant to entertain the passengers or the driver? One of my recent trips was too nerve-wracking to bear, what with the spluttering noises of the radio and the hum of the passengers' voices all added to the normal noise from the motor.

I confess that I have had many an anxious moment in buses when drivers — daytime or night-time — kept talking and turning around to their passenger friends; but that was nothing compared to this nightmarish hour when, under the cataract of shrieking noises, I had to watch the back of the driver bending towards and fiddling with the radio incessantly while driving his bus with a free right hand, at night, with heavy traffic coming towards and behind him.

Yours, etc.
'NOW A NERVOUS WRECK"
(Name and Address Supplied)
Binyamina, October 13.

TRAIN ACCIDENT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — On September 12 you reported that a child had fallen off a moving train near Hadera. This leads me to believe that the doors of the train were not closed.

As a frequent traveller, I have observed that the doors of railway carriages, especially of the old carriages, are often not closed. It should be taken for granted that these doors have to be shut by the conductors before the train leaves a station and that the stationmaster should not be allowed to give the signal for the train to start before this has been done.

The railway management should have the right to impose a heavy fine if any passenger should open the door when the train is in motion, and to make the passenger responsible for any accident which might occur.

Yours, etc
H. W. KAISER-BLUETH
Tel Aviv, September 21.

Railways Reply

Your correspondent's suggestion that the doors of the train were not closed when the train left the station before the accident occurred is not borne out by the facts. The case is now the subject of a police enquiry, and the circumstances of the occurrence will be established in due course.

It seems, however, that the parents of the child were not careful enough, as they let the child (aged 3½) go to the lavatory without supervision.

Our personnel have instructions to see to it that all doors are closed before the train leaves the station but we have no authority to fine persons who open the doors while the train is in motion. The travelling public can do much to restrain persons from behaving in an irresponsible way.

Yours, etc.
M. GABRIELI
Public Relations Officer
Israel Railways
Haifa, October 17.

VISITORS' GALLERY: Richard Korn

Plugger of U.S. Music

THE guest conductor at tonight's Kol Yisrael Symphony Concert at the Y.M.C.A. Auditorium, Jerusalem, will be Richard Korn, a native of New York and a first-time visitor here.

A graduate of Princeton University, Mr. Korn also holds a law degree from Yale, but following his inclination for music he studied conducting at the Juilliard Graduate School and the National Orchestral Association. He followed this up with practical work in the orchestra by playing clarinet in the Washington Symphony Orchestra, studied with Koussevitzky at Tanglewood and spent his war years as a director of music in the U.S. Coast Guard. Since then he has conducted many American orchestras, successfully toured a number of European countries, recorded American works for commercial recording companies and spent some time last year conducting in Japan and directing the Philadelphia children's summer concerts.

Despite diversities in many fields we found quite a few parallels between the U.S. and Israel as far as music creation is concerned. Only in the last 20 years have Americans come to acknowledge the fact that their fellow-countrymen can be composers of serious music. There is no governmental encouragement; though private commissions, foundation scholarships and University appointments as "Resident Composer" alleviate partly the insecure economic position of creative artists, Mr. Korn makes a special point of performing works by American composers, as, in his opinion, these are not given a fair share in concert programmes.

Mr. Korn considers as American all music written by composers living in the States, but as to the special characteristics of this music, no clearcut definition can be advanced. The eminent composers (and teachers) are mostly immigrants of 20 or 30 years' standing, and it seems that the young American-born composers have not yet evolved a more "national" style. Touching on a few concrete examples of compositions, Mr. Korn thinks that they could have been written as they were only in the U.S. — a contention which is also brought up with regard to our composers' writings.

Additional recording sessions of American works are scheduled to be held at Kol Yisrael under Mr. Korn's direction. He is also to appear with the Ramat Gan Chamber Orchestra and the Haifa Symphony Orchestra, so that larger numbers of music lovers can hear some American music performed under the conductorship of a most promising young personality. His programmes include, of course, works from the classical repertoire as well.

After watching a rehearsal for tonight's concert in progress, one may reasonably expect to be treated to a well prepared performance of a highly satisfying musical standard.

Y.B.

NATURE NOTES

Chromatic Changes

THE other day you were told that the grouper (a fish) changes colour, as do chameleons. It is now known that this change is not due exclusively to the desire of the animal to hide from his enemies. It is so used (mimicry or camouflage are the expressions for this), but it is sometimes meant, on the contrary, to frighten a potential enemy. In the case of the cuttlefish *(Sepia officinalis)* the changes have been extensively studied and it appears that there is a third object the animal has in view: to signalize his ardour to a lady, and to warn a rival. Not for the first time I mourn that I am not allowed to illustrate these notes, having to use a great many words when a sketch would be more to the purpose. However!

The cells containing the pigment, the chromatophores, can be expanded to show colour and contracted to hide it, in the most complicated way. Thus for purposes of camouflage on a sandy bottom the cuttlefish produces a mottled pattern. When there are black stones and white he shows squares and stripes of white on black to match his surroundings. And when he wishes to frighten a human observer or an enemy in his immediate surroundings, he will produce a quite startling pattern of black, brown and orange, at the same time making himself as large as he can. As this is done within a fraction of a second, the change from an insignificant grey thing to a brilliantly patterned one may well frighten away a predator.

P.A.

PEN FRIENDS

KEN THOMSON, 17, of 55 Strathmore Street, Bridgend, Perin, Scotland, asks for pen pals from Israel. He will answer all letters received and will be glad to find British pen pals for those who want them. His interests include international and current affairs, racial and foreign relations, historical buildings, theatre, radio, sports, books and music and he also collects postcards, maps, autographs and stamps.

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1st Prize — IL.250: Nurit Aharoni, 139/3 Mekor Haim, Jerusalem.
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3rd Prize — IL. 75: Ra'aya Minzner (Meron), c/o Mrs. Lotte Kristaller, 21a Rehov Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv.

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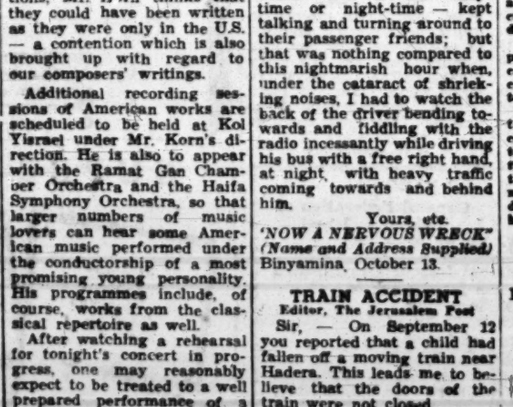

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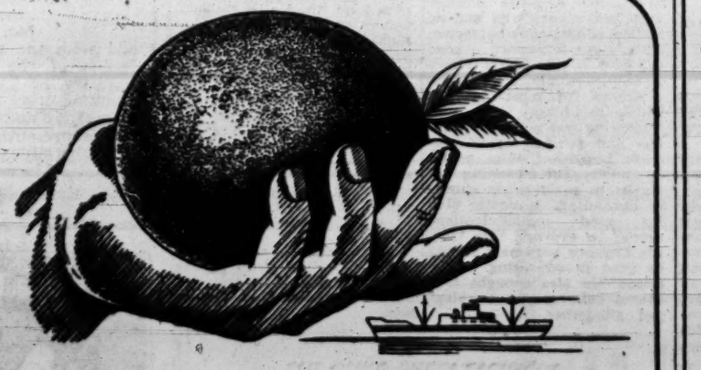

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